WEEKLY RESPIRATORY PATHOGENS SURVEILLANCE REPORT

SOUTH AFRICA WEEK 34 2020

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JANUARY

2020

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NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR

COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

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The 2020 influenza season has not yet started. Only one detection of influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 has been made in week 24 (week starting 8 June 2020), since the localised outbreak of influenza A(H1N1) pdm09 and to a lesser extent influenza B(Victoria) in the Western Cape Province, in the first three months of the year.

Although 2020 RSV season has not started, with only sporadic detections since mid April, there has been a moderate increase in detection since week 29 (week ending 19 July) in the pneumonia surveillance programme and to a lesser extent in the ILI programme.

In the past two weeks there have been fewer positives for SARS-CoV-2 than previous weeks. This week an additional 21 patients tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 in SARI (14), ILI (6) and Viral Watch (1). To date, 525 cases have been detected from all surveillance programmes.

2020



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PROGRAMME DESCRIPTIONS

Programme	Influenza-like illness (ILI)	Viral Watch	National syndromic surveillance for pneumonia
Start year	2012	1984	2009
Provinces*	KZ NW WC**	EC FS GP LP MP NC NW WC	GP KZ MP NW WC
Type of site	Primary health care clinics	General practitioners	Public hospitals
Case definition	An acute respiratory illness with a temperature (≥38°C) and cough, & onset ≤10 days	An acute respiratory illness with a temperature (≥38°C) and cough, & onset ≤10 days	Acute (symptom onset≤10 days) or chronic (symptom onset >10) lower respiratory tract infection
Specimens collected	Oropharyngeal & nasopharyngeal swabs	Throat and/or nasal swabs or Nasopharyngeal swabs	Oropharyngeal & nasopharyngeal swabs
Main pathogens tested***	INF RSV BP SARS-CoV-2****	INF RSV BP SARS-CoV-2****	INF RSV BP SARS-CoV-2****

Epidemic Threshold

Thresholds are calculated using the Moving Epidemic Method (MEM), a sequential analysis using the R Language, available from http://CRAN.R-project.org/web/package=mem, designed to calculate the duration, start and end of the annual influenza epidemic. MEM uses the 40th, 90th and 97.5th percentiles established from available years of historical data to calculate thresholds of activity. Thresholds of activity for influenza and RSV are defined as follows: Below seasonal threshold, Low activity, Moderate activity, High activity, Very high activity. For influenza, thresholds from outpatient influenza like illness (Viral Watch Programme) are used as an indicator of disease transmission in the community and thresholds from pneumonia surveillance are used as an indicator of impact of disease.

* EC: Eastern Cape; FS: Free State; GP: Gauteng; KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; LP: Limpopo; MP: Mpumalanga: NC: Northern Cape; NW: North West; WC: Western Cape

**Started in 2019

***INF: influenza virus; RSV: respiratory syncytial virus; BP: Bordetella pertussis

****SARS-CoV-2: Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2

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COMMENTS

Influenza

The 2020 influenza season has not yet started although sustained detections of influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 and to a lesser extent influenza B(Victoria) were made from Western Cape Province, in all surveillance programmes from week 2 to week 15. In week 24 (week ending 14th June), one influenza case has been detected in Gauteng province.

ILI programme: In 2020 to date, specimens from 962 patients were received from 4 ILI sites. Influenza was detected in 52 specimens (all from Western Cape province), 36 (69%) were identified as influenza A(H1N1) pdm09, one (2%) influenza A subtype inconclusive, 12 (23%) as influenza B (Victoria) and three (6%) B lineage inconclusive (Figure1 and Table1).

Viral Watch programme: During the same period, specimens were received from 332 patients from Viral Watch sites in eight provinces. Influenza was detected in 79 patients, five of which were acquired abroad. Of the 74 locally acquired infections, all were identified as influenza A(H1N1)pdm09. (Figure4 and Table4)

Pneumonia surveillance: Since the beginning of 2020, specimens from 2547 patients with severe respiratory illness (SRI) were received from the 6 sentinel sites. Influenza was detected in 26 patients (all from Western Cape Province), of which 21 (81%) were influenza A(H1N1)pdm09, one (4%) influenza A subtype inconclusive and four (15%) influenza B(Victoria) (Figure7 and Table 6).

Respiratory syncytial virus

Although the 2020 RSV season has not started, with only sporadic detections since mid April, there has been a moderate increase in detection since week 29 (week ending 19 July) in the pneumonia surveillance programme and to a lesser extent in the ILI programme.

ILI programme: In 2020 to date, 962 specimens were tested and RSV was detected in specimens of 17 (1.8%) patients.

Viral Watch programme: During the same period, 332 specimens were tested and RSV has not been

detected.

Pneumonia surveillance: Since the beginning of 2020, 2547 specimens were tested and RSV was detected in specimens of 202 (6.3%) patients.

SARS-CoV-2 (Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2)

Testing for SARS-CoV-2 was initiated in all three surveillance programmes in week 10 (week starting 2 March 2020).

ILI programme: In 2020 to date, specimens from 719 patients were tested and SARS-CoV-2 was detected in 110 (15%) patients.

Viral Watch programme: In 2020 to date, specimens were tested from 218 patients and SARS-CoV-2 was detected in 24 (11%) patients.

Pneumonia surveillance: In 2020 to date, specimens from 2024 patients with severe respiratory illness (SRI) were tested and SARS-CoV-2 was detected in 391 (19%) patients.

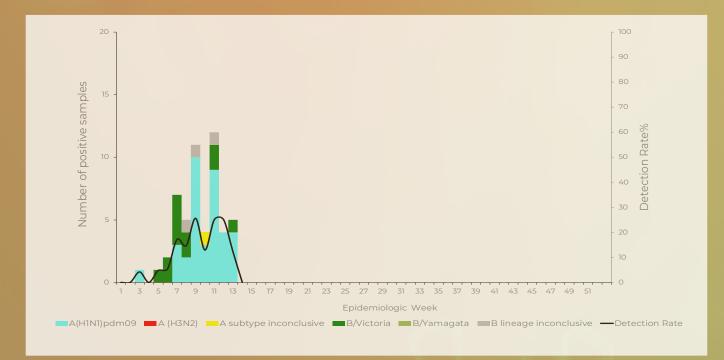
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INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE PRIMARY HEALTH CARE CLINICS

Figure 1. Number of positive samples* by influenza subtype and lineage and detection rate** by week



*Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 4 sentinel sites in 3 provinces **Only reported for weeks with >10 specimens submitted Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

Table 1. Cumulative number of influenza subtype and lineage and total number of samples tested by clinic and province

Clinic (Province)	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3N2)	A subtype inconclusive	B/Victoria	B/ Yamagata	B lineage inconclusive	Total samples
Eastridge (WC)	33	0		12	0	3	394
Edendale Gateway (KZ)	0	0	Ο	0	О	0	127
Jouberton (NW)	0	0	0	0	О	0	203
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	3	0	0	0	0	0	238
Total:	36	0	the second second	12	0	3	962

KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; WC: Western Cape Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

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INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE PRIMARY HEALTH CARE CLINICS

Figure 2. Number of samples testing positive for respiratory syncytial virus by subgroup and detection rate by week

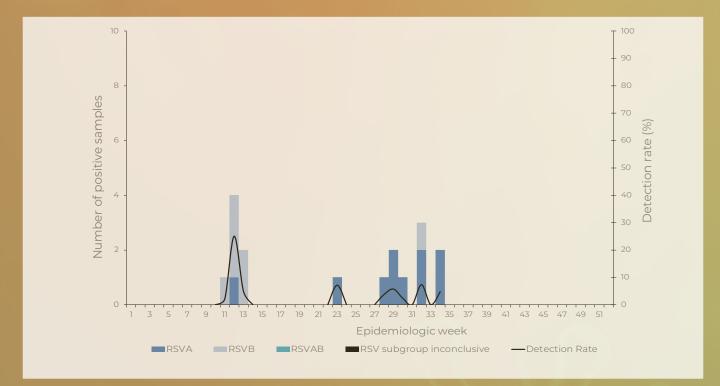


Table 2. Cumulative number of respiratory syncytial virus subgroups identified and total number of samples tested by clinic and province

Clinic (Province)	RSVA	RSVB	RSVAB	RSV subgroup inconclusive	Total samples
Eastridge (WC)	7	2	0	0	394
Edendale Gateway (KZ)		5	0	0	127
Jouberton (NW)	0	0	0	0	203
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	2	0	0	0	238
Total:	10	7	0	0	962

Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further RSV AB: Both RSV A and B subgroup identified

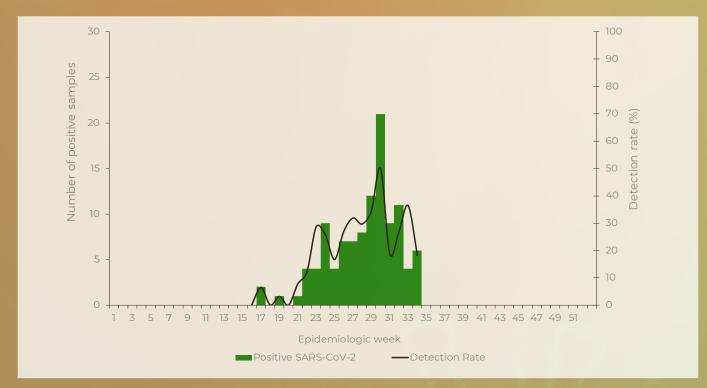
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INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE PRIMARY HEALTH CARE CLINICS

Figure 3. Number of samples testing positive for SARS-CoV-2*, and detection rate by week



Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 4 sentinel sites in 3 provinces

Table 3. Cumulative number of SARS-CoV-2 identified and total number of samples tested by clinic and province

Clinic (Province)	SARS-CoV-2 positive	Total samples tested
Eastridge (WC)	24	291
Edendale Gateway (KZ)	19	75
Jouberton (NW)	31	154
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	36	199
Total:	110	719

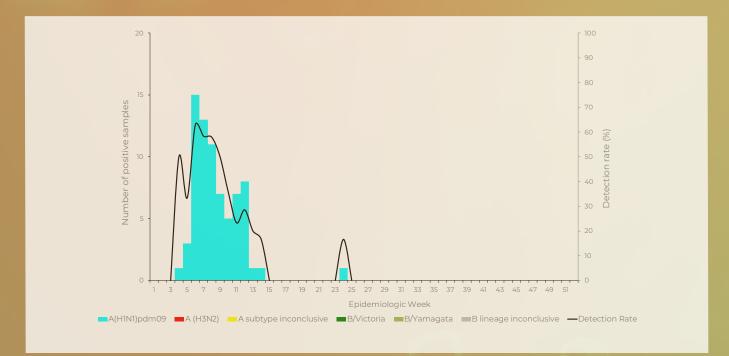
KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; WC: Western Cape

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INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE VIRAL WATCH

Figure 4. Number of positive samples* by influenza subtype and lineage and detection rate** by week



*Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 92 sentinel sites in 8 provinces ** Only reported for weeks with >10 specimens submitted. Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

Table 4. Cumulative number of influenza subtype and lineage and total number of samples tested by province

			and the second				
Province	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3N2)	A subtype inconclusive	B/Victoria	B/ Yamagata	B lineage inconclusive	Total samples
Eastern Cape	О	0	0	0	0	0	4
Free State	О	0	0	0	0	0	11
Gauteng		0	Ο	0	0	0	132
Limpopo	О	0	О	0	0	0	3
Mpumalanga	О	0	0	0	0	0	7
North West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Cape	Ο	0	О	0	0	0	4
Western Cape	75	0	0	0	0	0	161
Total:	76	0	0	0	0	0	322

Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

From January 2020 to date, 10 patients were tested for influenza at the time of entry into South Africa following travel abroad and influenza was detected in three patients, of which one influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 and two influenza A(H3N2).

Patients known to have acquired influenza abroad are not included in the table or epidemiological curve.

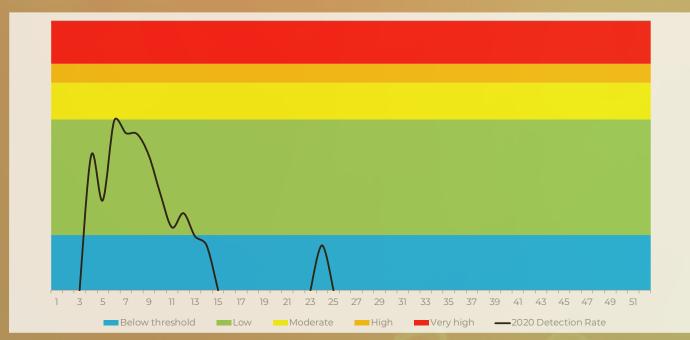
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INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE VIRAL WATCH

Figure 5. ILI surveillance (Viral Watch) percentage influenza detections and epidemic thresholds*



*Thresholds based on 2010-2019 data

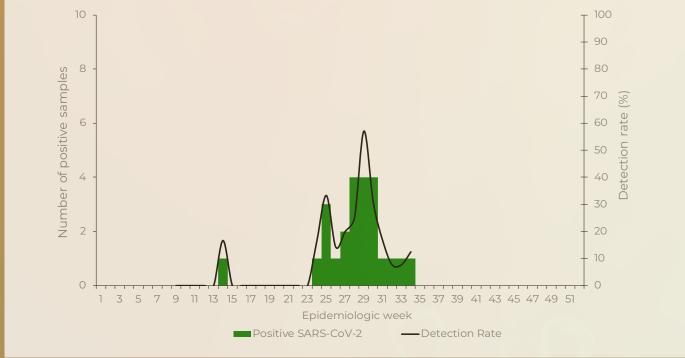
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INFLUENZA-LIKE ILLNESS (ILI) SURVEILLANCE: VIRAL WATCH

Figure 6. Number of samples testing positive for SARS-CoV-2*, and detection rate by week



*Specimens from patients with Influenza-like illnesses at 92 sentinel sites in 8 provinces

Table 5. Cumulative number of SARS-CoV-2 identified and total number of samples tested by province

Province	SARS-CoV-2	Total samples tested
	positve	
Eastern Cape	0	3
Free State	0	11
Gauteng	17	121
Limpopo	0	2
Mpumalanga		5
North West	0	0
Northern Cape	0	2
Western Cape	6	74
Total:	24	218

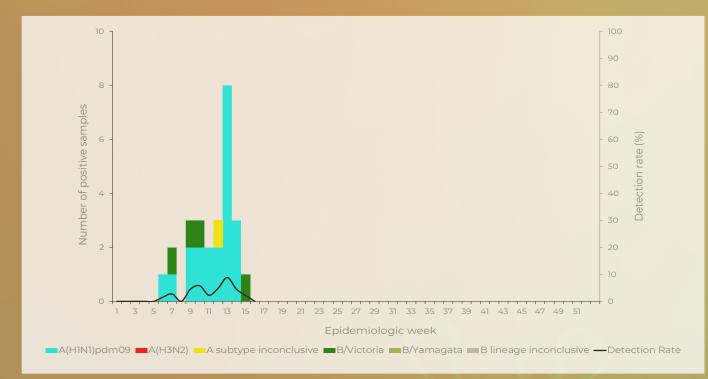
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NATIONAL SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE FOR PNEUMONIA

Figure 7. Number of positive samples* by influenza subtype and lineage and detection rate** by week



*Specimens from patients hospitalised with pneumonia at 6 sentinel sites in 5 province **Only reported for weeks with >10 specimens submitted Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

Table 6. Cumulative number of identified influenza subtype and lineage and total number of samples tested by hospital

Hospital (Province)	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3N2)	A subtype inconclusive	B/ Victoria	B/ Yamagata	B lineage inconclusive	Total samples
Edendale (KZ)	0	0	0	0	0	0	413
Helen Joseph-Rahima Moosa (GP)	Ο	О	О	Ο	О	Ο	604
Klerksdorp-Tshepong (NW)	0	Ο	0	Ο	О	0	444
Mpumalanga - Matikwana (MP)	Ο	О	0	Ο	О	Ο	177
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	19	О	Ο	2	О	0	629
Red Cross (WC)	2	О		2	0	0	280
Total:	21	0		4	0	0	2 547

GP: Gauteng; KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; MP: Mpumalanga; WC: Western Cape

Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

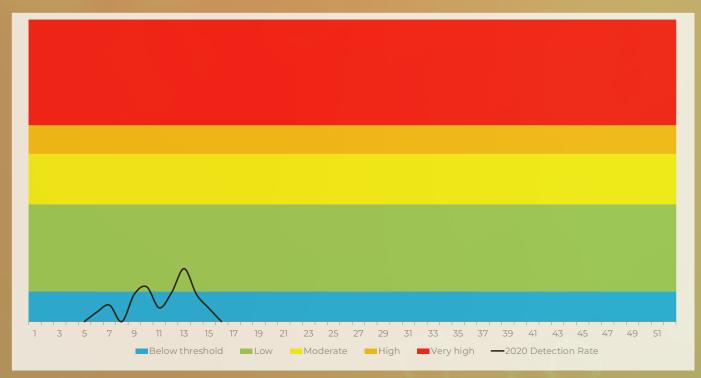
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NATIONAL SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE FOR PNEUMONIA

Figure 8. National syndromic surveillance for pneumonia percentage influenza detections and epidemic thresholds*



*Thresholds based on 2010-2019 data

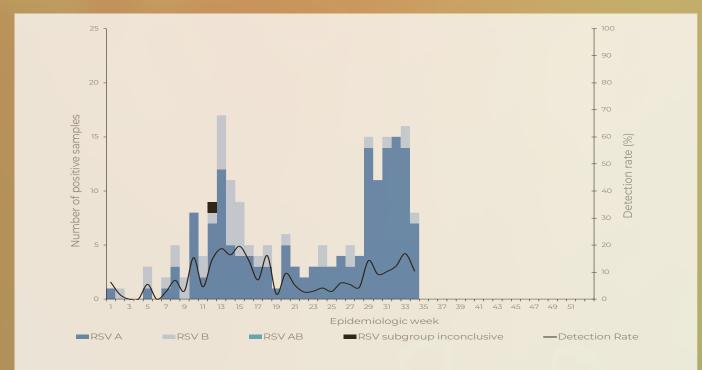
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NATIONAL SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE FOR PNEUMONIA

Figure 9. Number of samples testing positive for respiratory syncytial virus by subgroup and detection rate by week



Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further RSV AB: Both RSV A and B subgroup identified

Table 7: Cumulative number of respiratory syncytial virus subgroups identified and total number of samples tested by hospital

Hospital (Province)	RSVA	RSVB	RSVAB	RSVB subgroup inconclusive	Total samples
Edendale (KZ)	2	9	Ο	1	413
Helen Joseph-Rahima Moosa (GP)	36	10	О	Ο	604
Klerksdorp-Tshepong (NW)	2	О	О	0	444
Mpumalanga - Matikwana (MP)	0	0	О	Ο	177
Red Cross (WC)	102	22	О	Ο	629
Mitchells Plain (WC)	18	0	0	0	280
Total:	160	41	ο	1	2 547

GP: Gauteng; KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; MP: Mpumalanga; WC: Western Cape Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further RSV AB: Both RSV A and B subgroup identified

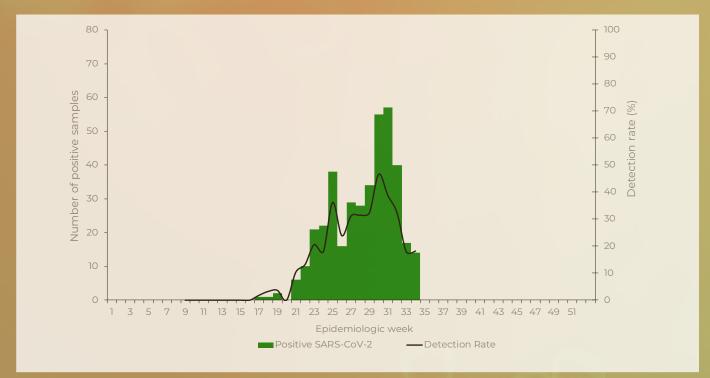
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NATIONAL SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE FOR PNEUMONIA

Figure 10. Number of samples testing positive for SARS-CoV-2*, and detection rate by week



*Specimens from patients with pneumonia at 6 sentinel sites in 5 provinces

Table 8. Cumulative number of identified SARS-CoV-2 and total number of samples tested by hospital

Hospital (Province)	SARS-CoV-2 positve	Total samples tested
Edendale (KZ)	86	337
Helen Joseph-Rahima Moosa (GP)	112	469
Klerksdorp-Tshepong (NW)	117	370
Mapulaneng-Matikwana (MP)	4	128
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	22	487
Red Cross (WC)	50	233
Total:	391	2 024

GP: Gauteng; KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; MP: Mpumalanga; WC: Western Cape

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SUMMARY OF LABORATORY-CONFIRMED SARS-CoV-2 CASES

Table 9. Characteristics of laboratory-confirmed cases of COVID-19, enrolled in influenza-like illness (ILI) and pneumonia surveillance programmes, South Africa, 2 March 2020- 23 August 2020

Characteristic	2	Influenza –like illness (ILI), public sector, n =110 (%)	Pneumonia surveillance, n=391 (%)
Age group			
	0-9	19/110 (17)	28/391 (7)
	10-19	12/110 (11)	3/391 (1)
	20-29	27/110 (25)	22/391 (6)
	30-39	26/110 (24)	58/391 (15)
	40-49	16/110 (15)	55/391 (14)
	50-59	6/110 (5)	98/391 (25)
	60-69	4/110 (4)	84/391 (21)
	70-79	0/110 (0)	36/391 (9)
	≥80	0/110 (0)	7/391 (2)
Sex-female		61/110 (55)	241/391 (62)
Province*			
	Gauteng	N/A	112/391 (29)
	KZN	19/110 (17)	86/391 (22)
	Mpumalanga	N/A	4/391 (1)
	North West	31/110 (28)	117/391 (30)
	Western Cape	61/110 (55)	72/391 (18)
Race			
	Black	62/103 (60)	298/362 (82)
	Coloured	41/103 (40)	44/362 (12)
	Asian/Indian	0/103 (0)	16/362 (4)
	Other	0/103 (0)	4/362 (2)
Presentation			
	Fever	102/103 (99)	215/362 (59)
	Cough	102/103 (99)	360/362 (99)
Shor	rtness of breath	16/103 (16)	287/362 (79)
	Tight chest	32/103 (31)	181/362 (50)
	Diarrhoea	6/103 (6)	21/362 (6)

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SUMMARY OF LABORATORY-CONFIRMED SARS-CoV-2 CASES

Characteristic	Influenza –like illness (ILI), public sector, n =110 (%)	Pneumonia surveillance, n=391 (%)
Underlying conditions		
Hypertension	5/97 (5)	123/362 (34)
Cardiac	0/97 (0)	8/362 (2)
Respiratory	1/97 (1)	17/362 (5)
Diabetes	1/97 (1)	85/362 (23)
Cancer	0/97 (0)	1/362 (<1)
Tuberculosis	0/97 (0)	4/362 (1)
HIV-infection	10/83 (12)	78/336 (23)
Other **	4/97 (4)	61/362 (18)
Management		
Oxygen therapy	0/97 (0)	195/288 (68)
ICU admission	N/A	13/288 (5)
Ventilation	N/A	8/288 (3)
Outcome***		
Died	0/86(0)	33/278 (12)

* ILI surveillance not conducted in Gauteng & Mpumalanga province:

** Chronic lung, liver and kidney disease, organ transplant, pregnancy, malnutrition, obesity, tracheostomy, prematurity, seizure, stroke, anaemia, asplenia, burns, Systemic lupus erythematosus, seizures

*** Outcome includes patients who are still hospitalised, have been discharged or referred, and those who died

Note: Children may be over-represented amongst hospitalised patients due to the inclusion of a large paediatric hospital in Cape Town.

Of the 33 patients who died, five were in the 20-39 year age group, 17 in the 40-59 year age group, and 11 were \geq 60 years; 23/33 (70%) were female. All except four were known to have underlying medical conditions

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