**Division of the National Health Laboratory Service** 

## Weekly respiratory pathogens report Week 42 of 2023

## <u>Highlights</u>

- The 2023 influenza season ended in week 27 (week starting 10 July 2023). Influenza B has been detected in all programmes in recent weeks however, the detection rate remains below seasonal threshold.
- In 2023 to date, 1011 influenza cases have been detected from all surveillance programmes. Of those with typing information available 93% (920/984) were influenza A(H3N2), <1% (8/984) were A (H1N1)pdm09 and 5% (56/984) were influenza B /Victoria.</li>
- In 2023 to date 798 respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) cases have been detected from all surveillance programmes. The RSV season ended in week 21 (week starting 22 May 2023). The detection rate remains below seasonal threshold.
- In 2023 to date 200 cases of *Bordetella pertussis* have been detected, of which 32% (63/198) were from Gauteng Province, 21% (41/198) North West Province, 16% (32/198) from Mpumalanga Province, 14% (27/198) Western Cape Province, 14% (28/198) KwaZulu-Natal Province and 4% (7/198) from Eastern Cape Province.
- In 2023 to date 440 COVID-19 cases have been detected from all surveillance programmes. Weekly numbers of SARS-CoV-2 cases have increased since week 31 in all surveillance programmes, but levels remain substantially lower than peaks in previous years. Of the 327 specimens sequenced to date, a variant could be assigned in 71% (232/327). Of these, 99% (229/232) were assigned the Omicron variant, majority of which 54% (124/229) were Omicron (23A/XBB.1.5) followed by 14% (33/229) Omicron (23D/XBB.1.9), and 10% (22/229) Omicron (22B/BA.5) and Omicron (22E/BQ.1.1) each. The rest of Omicron lineages contributed <10% each, including two Omicron (23F/EG.5.1.1) sequences which belong to the newly added variant of interest. Variant could not be assigned for 29% (95/327) due to a low viral load or insufficient sample.</li>

#### **Programme Descriptions**

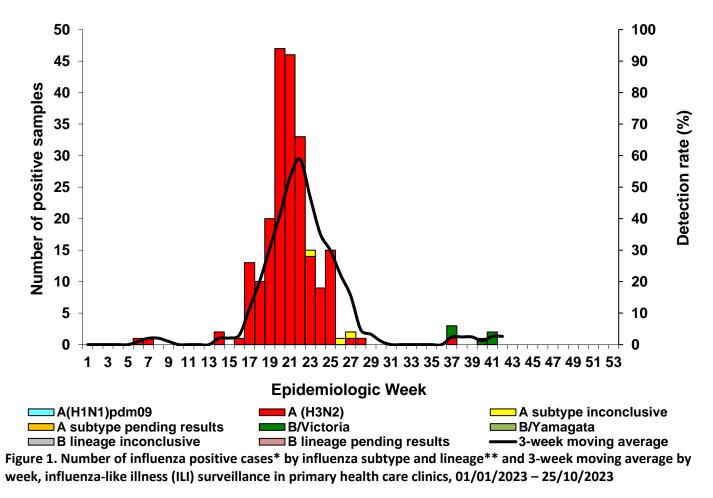
Programme	Influenza-like illness (ILI)	Viral Watch	National Syndromic Surveillance for Pneumonia		
Start year	2012	1984	2009		
Provinces*	KZ	EC	EC		
	NW	FS	GP		
	WC	GP	KZ		
	MP	LP	MP		
		MP	NW		
		NC	WC		
		NW			
		WC			
Type of site	Primary health care clinics	General practitioners	Public hospitals		
Case definition	ILI: An acute respiratory illness with a	ILI: An acute respiratory illness with a	SRI: Acute (symptom onset≤10 days) or		
	temperature (≥38°C) and cough, & onset	temperature (≥38°C) and cough, & onset	chronic (symptom onset >10) lower		
	≤10 days	≤10 days	respiratory tract illness		
	210 0035	210 0035			
	Suspected pertussis		Suspected pertussis		
	Any person with an acute cough illness		Any person with an acute cough illness		
	lasting ≥14 days (or cough illness of any		lasting ≥14 days (or cough illness of any		
	duration for children <1 year), without a		duration for children <1 year), without a		
	more likely diagnosis AND one or more of		more likely diagnosis AND one or more o		
	the following signs or symptoms:		the following signs or symptoms:		
	<ul> <li>paroxysms of coughing,</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>paroxysms of coughing,</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>or inspiratory "whoop",</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>or inspiratory "whoop",</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>or post-tussive vomiting</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>or post-tussive vomiting</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>or apnoea in children &lt;1 year; OR</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>or apnoea in children &lt;1 year; OR</li> </ul>		
	Any person in whom a clinician suspects pertussis		Any person in whom a clinician suspects pertussis.		
	Suggested SARS CoV 2		Successful CARS CoV 2		
	Suspected SARS-CoV-2	Suspected SARS-CoV-2	Suspected SARS-CoV-2		
	Any person presenting with an acute	Any person presenting with an acute	Any person admitted with a physician-		
	(≤14 days) respiratory tract infection or	(≤14 days) respiratory tract infection or	diagnosis of suspected COVID-19 and		
	other clinical illness compatible with	other clinical illness compatible with	not meeting SRI case definition.		
	COVID-19**	COVID-19**			
Specimens collected	Oropharyngeal & nasopharyngeal swabs	Throat and/or nasal swabs or Nasopharyngeal swabs	Oropharyngeal & nasopharyngeal swabs		
Main pathogens	INF	INF	INF		
tested***	RSV	RSV	RSV		
	BP	SARS-CoV-2	BP		
	SARS-CoV-2		SARS-CoV-2		
Testing Methods	INF and RSV	INF and RSV	INF and RSV		
	- Fast-Track Diagnostics multiplex real-	<ul> <li>Fast-Track Diagnostics multiplex real-</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fast Track Diagnostics multiplex real-</li> </ul>		
	time reverse transcription polymerase	time reverse transcription polymerase	time reverse transcription polymerase		
	chain reaction (until 31 March 2021)	chain reaction (until 31 March 2021)	chain reaction (until 31 March 2021)		
	B. pertussis	B. pertussis	B. pertussis		
	Multiplex real-time PCR (Tatti et al., J Clin	Multiplex real-time PCR (Tatti et al., J Clin	Multiplex real-time PCR (Tatti et al., J Clin		
	Microbiol 2011) and culture (if PCR cycle	Microbiol 2011) and culture (if PCR cycle	Microbiol 2011) and culture (if PCR cycle		
	threshold $\leq 25$ )	threshold $\leq 25$ )	threshold $\leq 25$ )		
	SARS-CoV-2	SARS-CoV-2			
	1 April 2020 – 31 March 2021: Roche E	1 April 2020 – 31 March 2021: Roche E	SARS-CoV-2		
		•	1 April 2020 – 31 March 2021: Roche E		
	gene real-time PCR essay (Corman <i>et al.,</i>	gene real-time PCR essay Corman <i>et al.,</i>	gene real-time PCR essay (Corman <i>et al.,</i>		
	Euro Surv 2020)	Euro Surv 2020)	Euro Surv 2020)		
	1 April 2021 to date: Allplex <sup>™</sup> SARS-CoV-	1 April 2021 to date: Allplex <sup>™</sup> SARS-CoV-			
	2/FluA/FluB/RSV PCR kit	2/FluA/FluB/RSV PCR kit	2/FluA/FluB/RSV PCR kit		
	<ul> <li>positivity assigned if PCR cycle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>positivity assigned if PCR cycle</li> </ul>	- positivity assigned if PCR cycle		
	threshold is <40 for ≥1 gene targets	threshold is <40 for ≥1 gene targets	threshold is <40 for ≥1 gene targets		
		5 5	0 0		

**Epidemic Threshold** 

Thresholds are calculated using the Moving Epidemic Method (MEM), a sequential analysis using the R Language, available from: http://CRAN.R-project.org/web/package=mem) designed to calculate the duration, start and end of the annual influenza epidemic. MEM uses the 40th, 90th and 97.5th percentiles established from available years of historical data to calculate thresholds of activity. Thresholds of activity for influenza and RSV are defined as follows: Below seasonal threshold, Low activity, Moderate activity, High activity, Very high activity. For influenza, thresholds from outpatient influenza like illness (ILI in primary health care clinics) are used as an indicator of disease transmission in the community and thresholds from pneumonia surveillance are used as an indicator of impact of disease. For RSV, thresholds from pneumonia surveillance, using data from children aged < 5 years are used to define the start and end of the season.

\* EC: Eastern Cape; FS: Free State; GP: Gauteng; KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; LP: Limpopo; MP: Mpumalanga: NC: Northern Cape; NW: North West; WC: Western Cape \*\*Symptoms include ANV of the following respiratory symptoms: cough, sore throat, shortness of breath, anosmia (loss of sense of smell) or dysgeusia (alteration of the sense of taste), with or without other symptoms (which may include fever, weakness, myalgia, or diarrhoea). Testing for SARS-CoV-2 was initiated in all three surveillance programmes in week 10 of 2020 (week starting 2 March 2020).\*\*\*INF: influenza virus; RSV: respiratory syncytial virus; BP: Bordetella pertusis; SARS-CoV-2: severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2

#### Page **2** of **20**



\*Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 5 sentinel sites in 4 provinces \*\* Influenza A(H3N2) was detected in 10/80, 12.5% of specimens from patients who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet influenza-like illness (ILI) case definition.

Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

Table 1. Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza\* cases by subtype and lineage and total number of samplestested by clinic and province, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance in primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 –25/10/2023

Clinic (Province)	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3N2)	A subtype in- conclusiv e**	A subtype pending results***	B/ Victoria	B/ Yamagata	B lineag e in- conclu sive*	B lineage pending results* **	Total sample s
Agincourt (MP)	0	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	272
Eastridge (WC)	0	35	1	0	0	0	0	0	287
Edendale Gateway (KZ)	0	53	2	0	4	0	0	0	467
Jouberton (NW)	0	76	0	0	0	0	0	0	340
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	0	10	0	0	1	0	0	0	153
Total:	0	215	3	0	5	0	0	0	1519

KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; WC: Western Cape; MP: Mpumalanga

\* Influenza A(H3N2) was detected in 10/80, 12.5% of specimens from patients who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet influenza-like illness (ILI) case definition.

\*\*Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

\*\*\*Influenza A subtype or B lineage results are pending

#### Page **3** of **20**

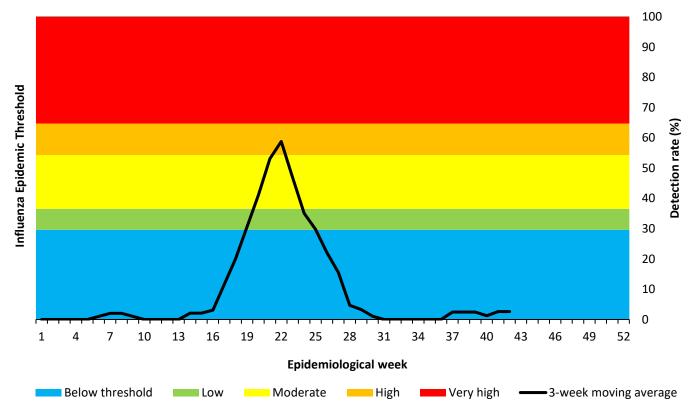


Figure 2. Influenza percentage detections and epidemic thresholds\* among cases of all ages, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance in primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 –25/10/2023



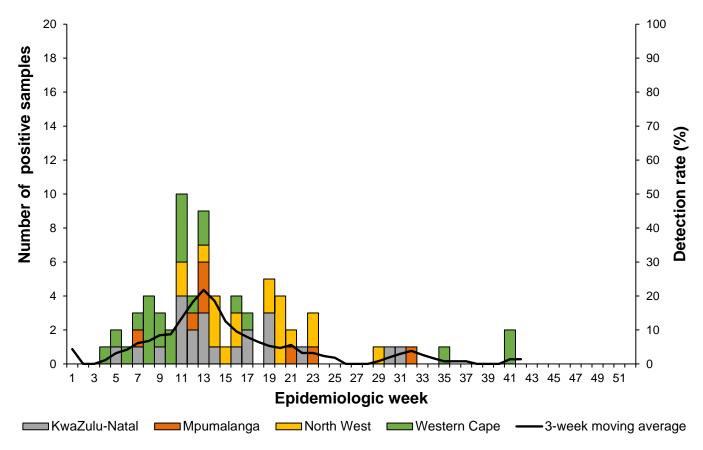


Figure 3. Number of patients testing positive for respiratory syncytial virus\* by province and 3-week moving average by week, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance in primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 –25/10/2023

\*RSV was detected in 1/80, 1.2% of specimens of patients who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet influenza-like illness (ILI) case definition.

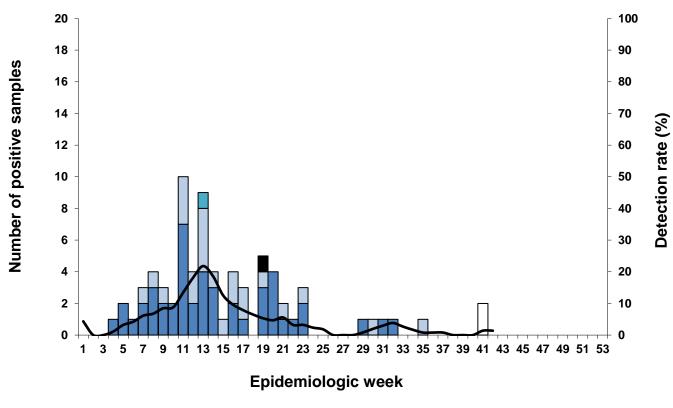


Figure 4. Number of patients testing positive for respiratory syncytial virus\* by subgroup and 3-week moving average by week, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance in primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

\*RSV was detected in 1/80, 1.2% of specimens of patients who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet influenza-like illness (ILI) case definition.

RSV AB: Both RSV A and B subgroups identified.

Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

Table 2. Number of patients testing positive for respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)\* by subgroups identified and total number of samples tested by clinic and province, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance in primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Clinic (Province)	RSVA	RSVB	RSVAB**	RSV subgroup inconclusive* **	RSV subgroup pending** **	Total samples
Agincourt (MP)	3	4	1	0	0	272
Eastridge (WC)	18	3	0	0	2	287
Edendale Gateway (KZ)	9	12	0	1	0	467
Jouberton (NW)	15	4	0	0	0	340
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	1	0	0	0	0	153
Total	46	23	1	1	2	1519

KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; WC: Western Cape; MP: Mpumalanga

\*RSV was detected in 1/80, 1.2% of specimens of patients who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet influenza-like illness (ILI) case definition.

\*\*RSV AB: Both RSV A and B subgroups identified

\*\*\*Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

\*\*\*\*RSV results for subgroups are pending

#### Page 5 of 20

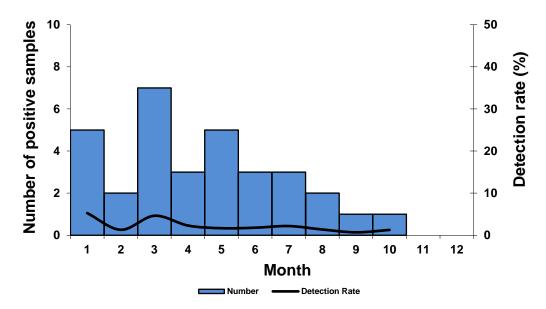


Figure 5. Number of patients testing positive for *B. pertussis*\* and detection rate by month, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance primary health care clinics\*\*, 01/01/2023 –25/10/2023

\**B. pertussis* was detected in 1/80, 1.2% of specimens of patients who met the suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet influenzalike illness (ILI) case definition. These are not included in the epidemiological curve.

\*\* Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 5 sentinel sites in 4 provinces

Table 3. Number of patients testing positive for *B. pertussis*\* identified and total number of samples tested by province, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 –25/10/2023

Clinic (Province)	<i>B. pertussis</i> Positive	Total samples
Agincourt (MP)	6	263
Eastridge (WC)	3	283
Edendale Gateway (KZ)	8	465
Jouberton (NW)	15	339
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	0	149
Total:	32	1499

KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; WC: Western Cape; MP: Mpumalanga

\*B. pertussis was detected in 1/80, 1.2% of specimens of patients who met the suspected SARS-CoV-2 or B. pertussis case definition but did not meet influenzalike illness (ILI) case definition. These are not included in the epidemiological curve.

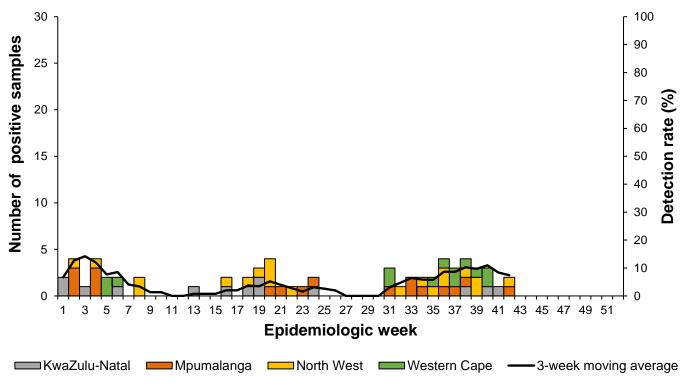


Figure 6. Number of patients\* testing positive for SARS-CoV-2\*\* by province and 3-week moving average by week, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance in primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

\*Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 5 sentinel sites in 4 provinces

\*\*SARS-CoV-2 was detected in 1/80, 1.2%specimens from patients who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet influenza-like illness (ILI) case definition. These are not included in the epidemiological curve.

 Table 4. Number of patients positive for SARS-CoV-2\* identified and total number of samples tested by clinic and province, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Clinic (Province)	SARS-CoV-2 positive	Total samples tested
Agincourt (MP)	18	272
Eastridge (WC)	9	287
Edendale Gateway (KZ)	13	467
Jouberton (NW)	20	340
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	4	153
Total:	64	1519

KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; WCP: Western Cape; MP: Mpumalanga

\*SARS-CoV-2 was detected in 1/80, 1.2% specimens patients who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet influenza-like illness (ILI) case definition. These are not included in the epidemiological curve.

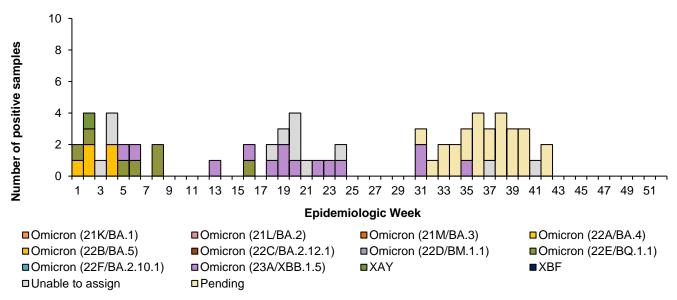


Figure 7. Number of laboratory-confirmed SARS-CoV-2\* cases by variant type (variant PCR/sequencing) and week, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance in primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

\*Specimens are from patients with influenza-like illness at 5 sentinel sites in 4 provinces who met influenza-like illness (ILI), suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition

Unable to assign: no lineage assigned due to poor- sequence quality OR low viral load (Ct235) OR variant PCR could not assign variant and no sequencing result Pending: outstanding variant results

Table 5. Number of cases positive for SARS-CoV-2<sup>\*</sup> by variant<sup>\*\*</sup> (variant PCR and/or sequencing) identified and total number of samples tested by clinic and province, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance primary health care clinics, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Province	Omicron (21L/BA.2)	Omicron (21M/ BA.3)	Omicron (22A/BA.4)	Omicron (22B/ BA.5)	Omicron (22C/BA.2.12.1)	Omicron (22D/BM.1.1)	Omicron (22E/BQ.1.1)	Omicron (22F/XXB.1)	Omicron (23A/XBB.1.5)	ХАҮ	Unable to assign**	Pending***	SARS-CoV-2 positive	Total samples tested
Agincourt	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	3	1	2	8	18	272
Clinic (MP)														
Eastridge	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	6	9	287
Clinic (WC)														
Edendale	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	4	0	3	3	14	467
Clinic (KZ)														
Jouberton	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	6	8	20	340
Clinic (NW)														
Mitchell's	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	4	153
Plain Clinic (WC)														
Total:	0	0	0	5	0	0	7	0	14	1	12	26	65	1599

KZ: KwaZulu-Natal; NW: North West; WCP: Western Cape; MP: Mpumalanga

\*Specimens are from patients with influenza-like illness at 5 sentinel sites in 4 provinces who met influenza-like illness (ILI), suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition

Unable to assign: no lineage assigned due to poor- sequence quality OR low viral load (Ct ≥35) OR variant PCR could not assign variant and no sequencing result Pending: outstanding variant results

#### Page 8 of 20

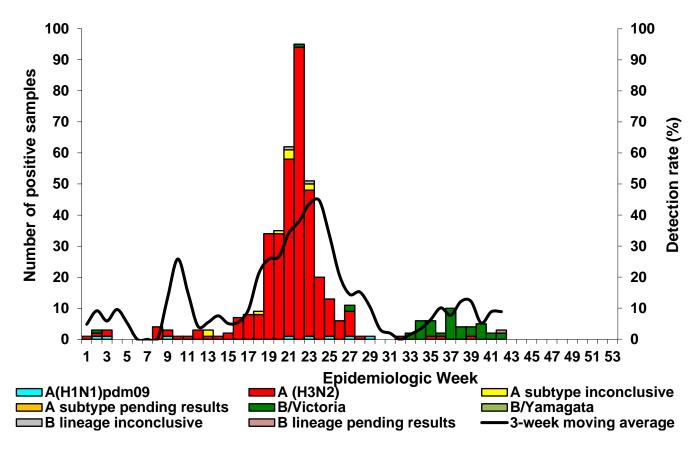


Figure 8a. Number of positive patients\* by influenza subtype and lineage and 3-week moving average by week, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance - Viral Watch, 01/01/2023 - 25/10/2023

\*Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 92 sentinel sites in 8 provinces Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

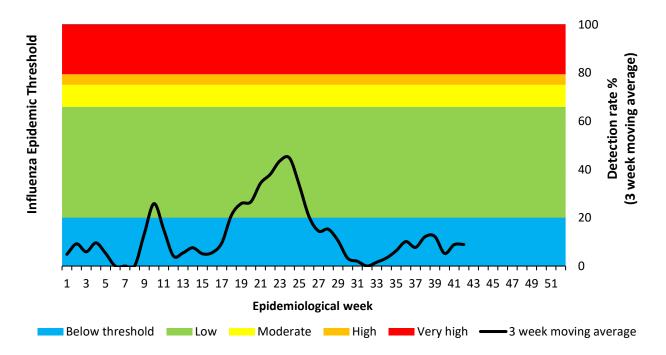


Figure 8b. Influenza percentage detections and epidemic thresholds\* among cases of all ages, Influenza-like Illness (ILI) surveillance - Viral Watch, 01/01/2023 - 25/10/2023 \*Thresholds based on 2015-2019 data

subsequent reports.

# Table 6. Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by influenza subtype and lineage and total number of samples tested by province, ILI surveillance - Viral Watch, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Province	A(H1N1) pdm09	A(H3N2)	A subtype inconclusive	A subtype pending results*	B/Victori a	B/Yamaga ta	B lineage inconclusi ve	B lineage pending results*	Total samples
Eastern Cape	0	17	0	0	7	0	0	1	56
Free State	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Gauteng	3	129	4	0	8	0	1	0	850
Limpopo	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Mpumalanga	1	19	2	0	1	0	0	0	59
North West	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Northern Cape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Western Cape	4	187	3	0	28	0	1	0	498
Total:	8	359	9	0	44	0	2	1	1474

\*Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

\*\*Influenza A subtype or B lineage results are pending

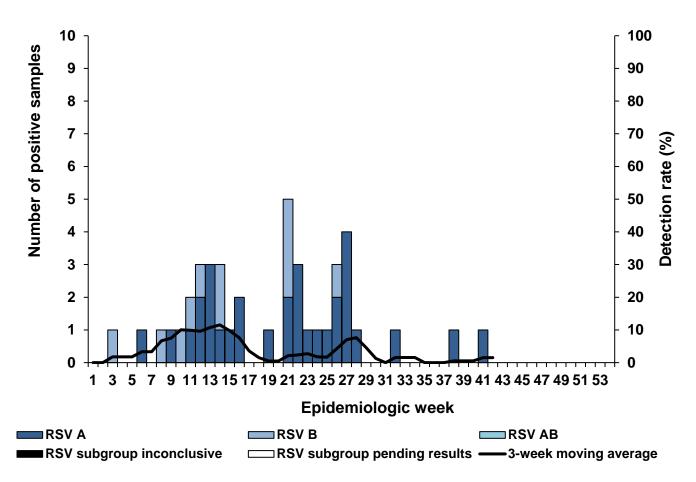


Figure 9. Number of RSV positive cases testing positive for respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)\* by subgroup and 3week moving average by week, Influenza-like Illness (ILI) surveillance - Viral Watch, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023 \*Specimens from patients with Influenza-like illnesses at 92 sentinel sites in 8 provinces

#### Page **10** of **20**

Table 7. Number of RSV positive cases identified and total number of samples tested by province, influenzalike illness surveillance - Viral Watch, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Province	RSV A	RSV B	RSV AB*	RSV subgroup inconclusive **	RSV subgroup pending results***	Total samples tested
Eastern Cape	1	1	0	0	0	56
Free State	0	0	0	0	0	2
Gauteng	19	7	0	0	0	850
Limpopo	0	0	0	0	0	6
Mpumalanga	2	0	0	0	0	59
North West	0	0	0	0	0	3
Northern Cape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Western Cape	9	3	0	0	0	498
Total:	31	11	0	0	0	1474

\*RSV AB: Both RSV A and B subgroup identified

\*\*Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

\*\*\*RSV results for subgroups are pending

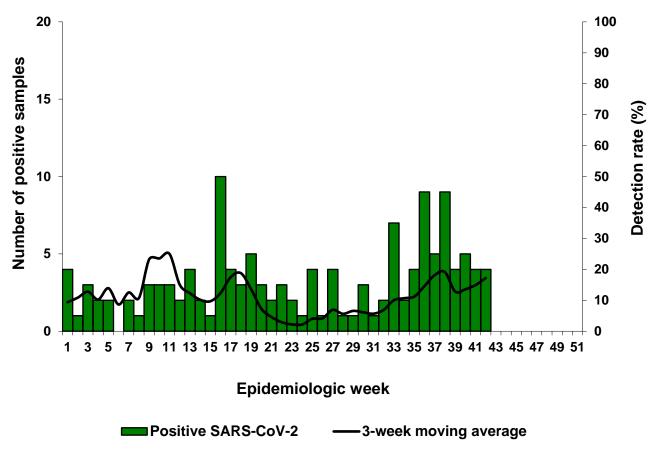


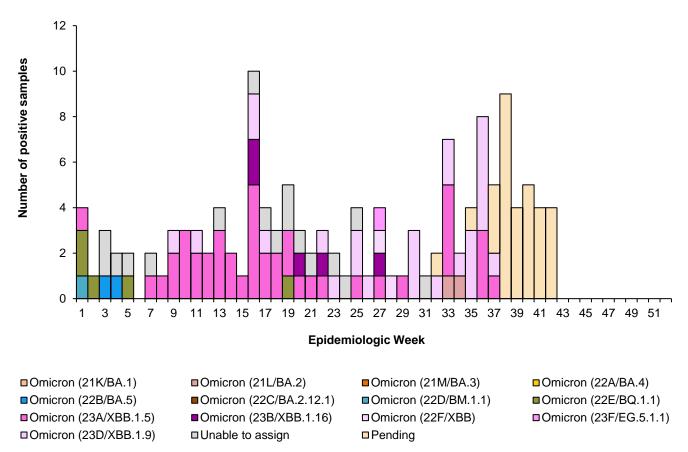
Figure 10. Number of patients testing positive for SARS-CoV-2\*, by site and 3-week moving average\*\* by week, influenza-like illness(ILI) surveillance - Viral Watch, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023 \*Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 92 sentinel sites in 8 provinces

Data are provisional as reported to date (Data for this report drawn on 24/10/2023). Number of consultations/specimens are reported/analysed by date of consultation/specimen collection. Data cleaning is ongoing and this may result in some changes in subsequent reports.

Page **11** of **20** 

Province	SARS-CoV-2 positive	Total samples tested
Eastern Cape	5	56
Free State	0	2
Gauteng	85	850
Limpopo	0	6
Mpumalanga	7	59
North West	0	3
Northern Cape	0	0
Western Cape	39	498
Total:	136	1474

Table 8. Number of SARS-CoV-2 positive cases identified and total number tested by province, influenza-likeillness (ILI) surveillance - Viral Watch, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023



## Figure 11. Number of laboratory confirmed SARS-CoV-2\* cases by variant type (variant PCR/sequencing) and week, influenza-like illness (ILI) surveillance - Viral Watch, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

\*Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 92 sentinel sites in 8 provinces

**Unable to assign**: no lineage assigned due to poor- sequence quality **OR** low viral load ( $C_t \ge 35$ ) **OR** variant PCR could not assign variant and no sequencing result **Pending**: outstanding variant results

#### Page 12 of 20

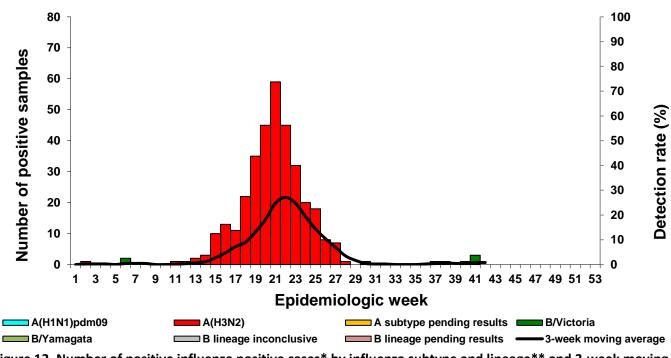
# Table 9. Number of SARS-CoV-2<sup>\*</sup> positive cases by variant (variant PCR and/or sequencing) identified and total number of samples tested by province, ILI surveillance - Viral Watch, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Clinic (Province)	Omicron (21L/BA.2)	Omicron (21M/BA.3)	Omicron (22A/BA.4)	Omicron (22B/BA.5)	Omicron (22C/ BA.2.12.1)	Omicron (22D/BM.1.1)	Omicron (22E/BQ.1.1)	Omicron (23A/XBB.1.5)	Omicron (23B/XBB.1.16)	Omicron (22F/XBB)	Omicron (23F/EG.5.1)	Omicron (23D/XBB.1.9)	Unable to assign**	Pending***	Total SARS-CoV-2 positive	Total samples tested
Eastern	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0	5	56
Саре																
Free State	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Gauteng	1	0	0	2	0	1	3	31	2	1	1	19	7	17	85	850
Limpopo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Mpumala nga	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2	7	59
North West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Northern	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cape																
Western Cape	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9	3	0	0	5	8	12	39	498
Total:	2	0	0	2	0	1	5	43	5	2	2	26	17	31	136	1474

\*Specimens from patients with influenza-like illnesses at 92 sentinel sites in 8 provinces

\*\*No cases of Alpha, Beta or 20D (C.1.2) variants detected.

Unable to assign: no lineage assigned due to poor- sequence quality OR low viral load (Ct≥35) OR variant PCR could not assign variant and no sequencing result Pending: outstanding variant results



## Figure 12. Number of positive influenza positive cases\* by influenza subtype and lineage\*\* and 3-week moving

average by week, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

\*Specimens from patients hospitalised with pneumonia at 15 sentinel sites in 6 provinces

\*\*No cases who met suspected the SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet pneumonia (SRI) case definition.

### Table 10. Number of laboratory confirmed influenza cases by subtype and lineage\* and total number of samples tested by hospital, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023-25/10/2023

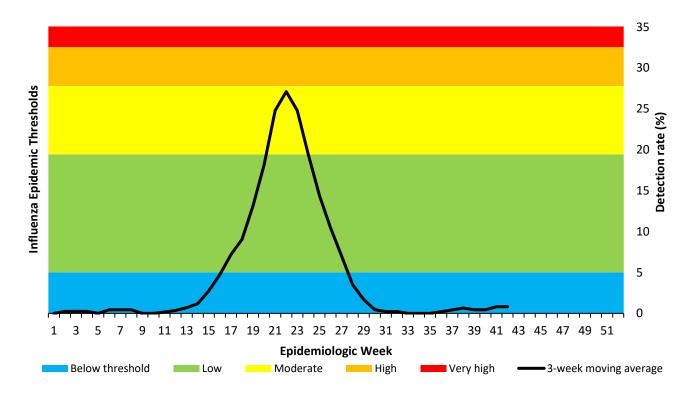
Hospital (Province)	A(H1N1)pd m09	A(H3N2)	A subtype inconclusive	A subtype pending results***	B/Victoria	B/Yamagata	B lineage inconclusive	B lineage pending results***	Total samples
Edendale (KZ)	0	30	1	0	2	0	0	0	642
Helen Joseph-Rahima Moosa (GP)	0	64	1	0	2	0	0	0	1213
Khayelitsha (WC)	0	29	1	0	1	0	0	0	546
Klerksdorp-Tshepong (NW)	0	47	1	0	0	0	0	0	482
Livingstone (EC)	0	22	1	0	0	0	0	0	598
Mapulaneng- Matikwana (MP)	0	22	2	0	0	0	0	0	432
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	414
Red Cross (WC)	0	26	1	0	0	0	0	0	845
Tambo Memorial (GP)	0	33	1	0	1	0	0	0	519
Tembisa (GP)	0	27	3	0	1	0	0	0	545
Tintswalo (MP)	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	254
Tygerberg (WC)	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	122
Total:	0	336	12	0	7	0	0	0	6612

\* No cases who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or B. pertussis case definition but did not meet pneumonia (SRI) case definition.

\*\*Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

\*\*\*Influenza A subtype or B lineage results are pending

subsequent reports.



#### Figure 13. Influenza percentage detections and epidemic thresholds\* among cases of all ages, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023 \*Thresholds based on 2010-2019 data

Data are provisional as reported to date (Data for this report drawn on 24/10/2023). Number of consultations/specimens are

#### Page **14** of **20**

reported/analysed by date of consultation/specimen collection. Data cleaning is ongoing and this may result in some changes in

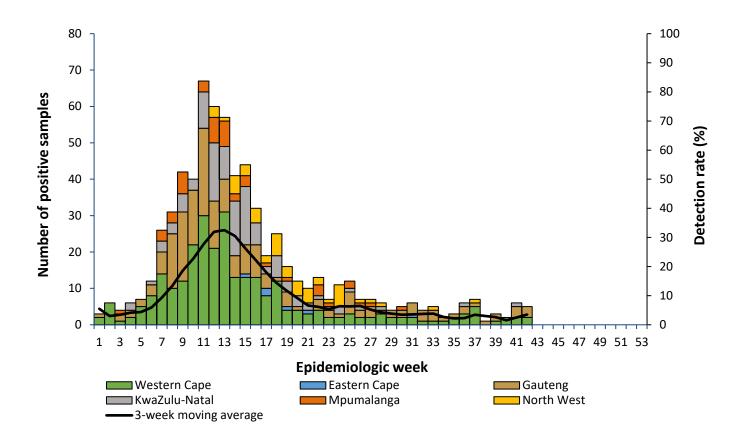


Figure 14. Number of patients (all ages) testing positive for respiratory syncytial virus\* by province and 3-week moving average by week, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Specimens from patients hospitalised with pneumonia at 15 sentinel sites in 6 provinces. \*No cases who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet pneumonia (SRI) case definition.

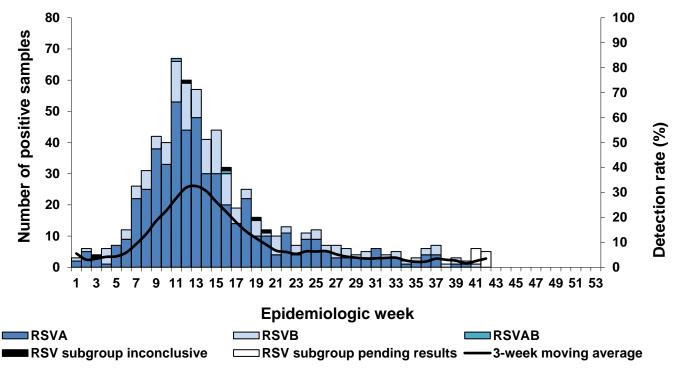


Figure 15. Number of patients (<u>all ages</u>) testing positive for respiratory syncytial virus\* by subgroup and 3-week moving average by week, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Specimens from patients hospitalised with pneumonia at 15 sentinel sites in 6 provinces.

Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

RSV AB: Both RSV A and B subgroup identified

RSV subgroup pending: RSV results for subgroups are pending

Page 15 of 20

Table 11. Number of patients (all ages) positive for respiratory syncytial virus subgroups\* by subgroups identified and total number of samples tested by hospital, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Hospital (Province)	RSVA	RSVB	RSVAB**	RSV subgroup inconclusive** *	RSV subgroup pending** **	Total samples
Edendale (KZ)	38	73	1	1	1	642
Helen Joseph-Rahima Moosa (GP)	153	20	0	1	4	1213
Khayelitsha (WC)	5	4	0	0	0	546
Klerksdorp-Tshepong (NW)	45	3	0	1	0	482
Livingstone (EC)	4	2	0	0	0	598
Mapulaneng-Matikwana (MP)	13	6	1	0	0	432
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	68	12	0	0	1	414
Red Cross (WC)	147	34	0	2	3	845
Tambo Memorial (GP)	4	2	0	0	1	519
Tembisa (GP)	2	2	0	0	0	545
Tintswalo (MP)	25	1	0	0	0	254
Tygerberg (WC)	1	1	0	0	0	122
Total:	505	160	2	5	10	6612

\*No cases who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet pneumonia (SRI) case definition.

\*\*RSV AB: Both RSV A and B subgroup identified

\*\*\*Inconclusive: insufficient viral load in sample and unable to characterise further

\*\*\*\*RSV results for subgroups are pending

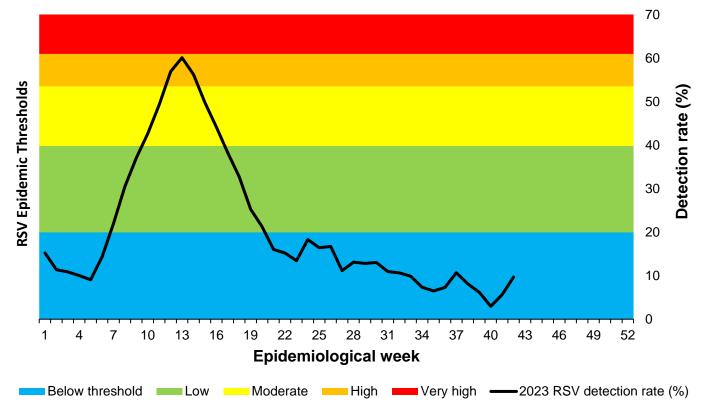


Figure 16. RSV percentage 3-week moving average and epidemic thresholds\* among children aged < 5 years, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 - 25/10/2023 \*Thresholds based on 2010-2019 data

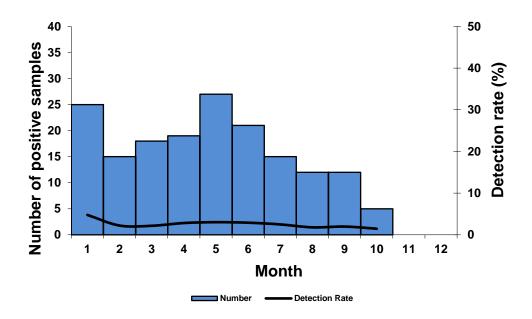


Figure 17. Number of patients testing positive for *B. pertussis*\* and 3-week moving average by month, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals\*\*, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

\*No cases who met the suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet Pneumonia Surveillance case definition. \*Specimens from patients hospitalised with pneumonia at 15 sentinel sites in 6 provinces.

Table 12. Number of patients testing positive for <i>B. pertussis</i> * identified and total number of samples tested
by hospital and province, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Hospital (Province)	<i>B. pertussis</i> Positive	Total samples			
Edendale (KZ)	19	636			
Helen Joseph-Rahima Moosa (GP)	48	1195			
Khayelitsha (WC)	4	535			
Klerksdorp-Tshepong(NW)	27	478			
Livingstone (EC)	7	588			
Mapulaneng-Matikwana (MP)	22	428			
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	3	413			
Red Cross (WC)	16	832			
Tambo Memorial (GP)	9	518			
Tembisa (GP)	8	538			
Tintswalo (MP)	4	254			
Tygerberg (WC)	2	122			
Total:	169	6537			

\*No cases who met the suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet the pneumonia (SRI) case definition. These are not included in the table.

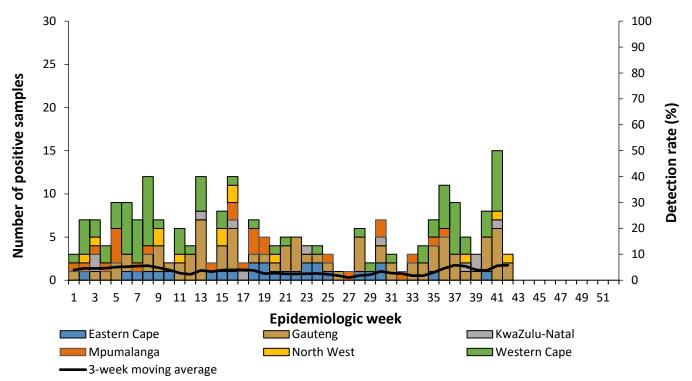


Figure 18. Number of patients testing positive for SARS-CoV-2\*\* by province and 3-week moving average by week, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

\*Specimens from patients hospitalized with pneumonia at 15 sentinel sites in 6 provinces. \*\*No cases met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet pneumonia (SRI) case definition.

# Table 13. Number of patients positive for SARS-CoV-2\* and total number of samples tested by hospital, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Hospital (Province)	SARS-CoV-2 positive	Total samples tested
Edendale (KZ)	11	642
Helen Joseph-Rahima Moosa (GP)	38	1213
Khayelitsha (WC)	23	546
Klerksdorp-Tshepong (NW)	13	482
Livingstone (EC)	27	598
Mapulaneng-Matikwana (MP)	18	432
Mitchell's Plain (WC)	21	414
Red Cross (WC)	29	845
Tambo Memorial (GP)	28	519
Tembisa (GP)	18	545
Tintswalo (MP)	9	254
Tygerberg (WC)	4	122
Total:	239	6612

\* No cases who met suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition but did not meet pneumonia (SRI) case definition.

#### Page **18** of **20**

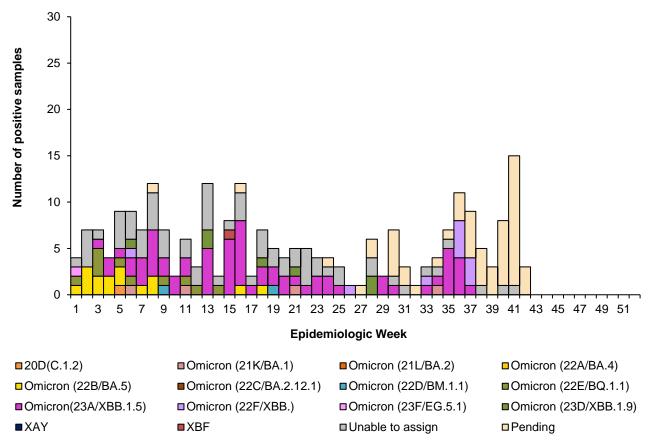


Figure 19. Number and 3-week moving average of laboratory-confirmed SARS-CoV-2 cases\* by variant type (variant PCR/sequencing), pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

\*Specimens are from hospitalized patients at 15 sentinel sites in 6 provinces who met the pneumonia (SRI), suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition Unable to assign: no lineage assigned due to poor- sequence quality OR low viral load (Ct≥35) OR variant PCR could not assign variant and no sequencing result Pending: outstanding variant results

# Table 14. Number of SARS-CoV-2 positive cases\* by variant (variant PCR and/or sequencing) identified and total number of samples tested by hospital, pneumonia surveillance public hospitals, 01/01/2023 – 25/10/2023

Edendale (KZ)       0       0       0       0       1       1       0       0       1       0       0       3       5       11       642         Helen Joseph- Rahima Moosa (GP)       0       1       1       0       0       1       12       7       0       2       0       0       6       8       38       1213         Khayelitsha (WC)       0       2       1       0       0       1       8       0       0       0       0       8       3       23       546         Khayelitsha (WC)       0       2       1       0       0       1       8       0       0       0       0       8       3       23       546         Klavelitsha (WC)       0       2       1       0       0       1       0       1       0       0<	Hospital (Province)	20D (C.1.2)	Omicron (21K/BA.1)	Omicron (22B/BA.5)	Omicron (22C/BA.2.12.1)	Omicron (22D/BM.1.1)	Omicron (22E/BQ.1.1)	Omicron(23A/XB B.1.5)	Omicron (22F/XBB.)	Omicron (23F/EG.5.1)	Omicron (23D/XBB.1.9)	ХАҮ	XBF	XBL	Unable to assign	Pending	SARS-CoV-2 positive	Total samples tested
Rahima Moosa (GP)         Khayelitsha (WC)       0       2       1       0       0       1       8       0       0       0       0       0       8       3       23       546         Kherksdorp       0       0       1       0       0       2       5       0       0       0       0       0       2       3       13       482         Livingstone (EC)       0       1       1       0       2       0       10       0       0       0       0       1       0       9       3       27       598         Mapulaneng-       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       9       3       27       598         Mapulaneng-       0       0       3       0       0       1       2       0       0       0       0       9       3       18       432         Mitchell's Plain       0       0       0       0       7       1       0       1       0       0       5       6       21       414         (WC)       Red Cross (WC)       0       0	Edendale (KZ)	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	5	11	642
Klerksdorp- Tshepong (NW)       0       0       1       0       0       2       5       0       0       0       0       0       2       3       13       482         Tshepong (NW)       0       1       1       0       2       0       10       0       0       0       1       0       9       3       27       598         Mapulaneng-       0       0       3       0       0       1       2       0       0       0       0       9       3       27       598         Mapulaneng-       0       0       3       0       0       1       2       0       0       0       0       9       3       18       432         Matikwana (MP)       0       0       0       7       1       0       1       0       0       5       6       21       414         (wC)       Red Cross (WC)       0       0       4       0       0       6       1       0       0       1       3       13       29       845         Tambo Memorial (GP)       1       0       0       1       1       0       0       0	Rahima Moosa	0	1	1	0	0	1	12	7	0	2	0	0	0	6	8	38	1213
Tshepong (NW)       I       <	Khayelitsha (WC)	0	2	1	0	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	3	23	546
Mapulaneng- Matikwana (MP)       0       0       3       0       0       1       2       0       0       0       0       9       3       18       432         Matikwana (MP)       0       0       1       0       0       0       0       0       9       3       18       432         Mitchell's Plain (WC)       0       0       1       0       0       0       5       6       21       414         (WC)       0       0       4       0       0       6       1       0       0       0       1       3       13       29       845         Tambo Memorial (GP)       1       0       0       0       3       11       1       0       2       0       0       6       5       28       519         Tembisa (GP)       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       0       4       18       545         Tinswalo (MP)       0       0       1       0       0       0       0       0       4       122       9       254         Tygerberg (WC)       0       4       15       0		0	0	1	0	0	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	13	482
Matikwana (MP)       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       0       5       6       21       414         Mitchell's Plain (WC)       0       0       0       0       7       1       0       1       0       0       5       6       21       414         Red Cross (WC)       0       0       4       0       0       6       1       0       0       0       1       3       13       29       845         Tambo Memorial (GP)       1       0       0       0       1       1       0       2       0       0       6       5       28       519         Tembisa (GP)       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       0       10       4       18       545       545         Tintswalo (MP)       0       0       1       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       4       122       9       254         Tyger	Livingstone (EC)	0	1	1	0	2	0	10	0	0	0	0	1	0	9	3	27	598
(WC)       0       0       4       0       0       0       6       1       0       0       0       1       3       13       29       845         Tambo Memorial       1       0       0       0       3       11       1       0       2       0       0       0       6       5       28       519         (GP)       0       0       1       1       0       0       1       0       0       6       5       28       519         (GP)       0       0       1       1       0       0       1       0       4       18       545         Tintswalo (MP)       0       0       1       0       0       0       0       4       12       9       254         Tygerberg (WC)       0       0       1       0       0       0       0       0       1       0       4       122         Total:       0       4       15       0       2       10       67       10       0       7       0       1       1       66       55       239       6612		0	0	3	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	3	18	432
Tambo Memorial (GP)       1       0       0       0       0       3       11       1       0       2       0       0       0       6       5       28       519         Tembisa (GP)       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       2       0       0       0       6       5       28       519         Tembisa (GP)       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       0       10       4       18       545         Tintswalo (MP)       0       0       1       0       0       0       0       4       12       9       254         Tygerberg (WC)       0       0       1       0       0       0       0       0       4       122         Total:       0       4       15       0       2       10       67       10       0       7       0       1       1       66       55       239       6612		0	0	1	0	0	0	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	5	6	21	414
(GP)       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       1       0       0       0       10       4       18       545         Tintswalo (MP)       0       0       1       0       0       0       0       0       0       4       12       9       254         Tygerberg (WC)       0       0       1       0       0       0       2       0       0       0       0       0       4       122         Total:       0       4       15       0       2       10       67       10       0       7       0       1       1       66       55       239       6612	Red Cross (WC)	0	0	4	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	13	29	845
Tintswalo (MP)       0       0       1       0       0       0       2       0       0       0       0       0       4       2       9       254         Tygerberg (WC)       0       0       1       0       0       0       2       0       0       0       0       0       4       122         Total:       0       4       15       0       2       10       67       10       0       7       0       1       1       66       55       239       6612		1	0	0	0	0	3	11	1	0	2	0	0	0	6	5	28	519
Tygerberg (WC)       0       0       1       0       0       0       2       0       0       0       0       0       1       0       4       122         Total:       0       4       15       0       2       10       67       10       0       7       0       1       1       66       55       239       6612	Tembisa (GP)	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	10	4	18	545
Total: 0 4 15 0 2 10 67 10 0 7 0 1 1 66 55 239 6612	Tintswalo (MP)	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	9	254
	Tygerberg (WC)	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	122
		-			0			67	10	0		-	1	1	66	55	239	6612

\*Specimens are from hospitalized patients at 15 sentinel sites in 6 provinces who met the pneumonia (SRI), suspected SARS-CoV-2 or *B. pertussis* case definition Unable to assign: no lineage assigned due to poor- sequence quality OR low viral load (Ct235) OR variant PCR could not assign variant and no sequencing result Pending: outstanding variant results

#### Page **19** of **20**

#### **Methods**

#### SARS-CoV-2 Testing

March 2020 – March 2021: SARS-CoV-2 was detected using the Roche E gene real-time PCR assay (Corman et al. *Euro Surveillance* 2020) with cycle threshold ( $C_t$ ) <40 interpreted as positive for SARS-CoV-2. From April 2021 to date the laboratory changed to the Allplex<sup>TM</sup> SARS-CoV-2/FluA/FluB/RSV kit (Seegene Inc., Seoul, South Korea), with positivity assigned if the PCR cycle threshold ( $C_t$ ) was <40 for ≥1 gene targets (N, S or RdRp).

A confirmed SARS-CoV-2 case is a person of any age enrolled in surveillance with laboratory confirmation of SARS-CoV-2 infection by PCR. Only positive SARS-CoV-2 specimens on PCR are further tested to determine variant/lineage type by variant PCR or genomic sequencing. Variant PCR

Allplex<sup>TM</sup> SARS-CoV-2 Variants I PCR detects Alpha and Beta/Gamma variants. The assay was conducted on all SARS-CoV-2-positive samples from 1 March 2020 – 30 June 2021.

Allplex<sup>TM</sup> SARS-CoV-2 Variants II PCR detects Delta variant and distinguishes Beta from Gamma. The assay was conducted on SARS-CoV-2-positive samples from 1 Jan to 30 June 2021.

Extraction: Total nucleic acids were extracted from 200µl NP/OP samples in universal or viral transport medium using a MagNA Pure 96 automated extractor and DNA/Viral NA Small Volume v2.0 extraction kit (Roche Diagnostics, Mannheim, Germany).

#### SARS-CoV-2 genomic surveillance

#### SARS-CoV-2 Whole-Genome Sequencing and Genome Assembly

#### **RNA Extraction**

RNA was extracted either manually or automatically in batches, using the QIAamp viral RNA mini kit (QIAGEN, CA, USA) or the Chemagic 360 using the CMG-1049 kit (PerkinElmer, MA, USA). A modification was done on the manual extractions by adding 280 µl per sample, in order to increase yields. 300 µl of each sample was used for automated magnetic bead-based extraction using the Chemagic 360. RNA was eluted in 60 µl of the elution buffer. Isolated RNA was stored at -80 °C prior to use.

#### PCR and Library Preparation

Sequencing was performed using the Illumina COVIDSeq protocol (Illumina Inc., CA, USA) or nCoV-2019 ARTIC network sequencing protocol v3 (https://artic.network/ncov-2019). These are amplicon-based next-generation sequencing approaches. Briefly, for the nCoV-2019 ARTIC network sequencing protocol, the first strand synthesis was carried out on extracted RNA samples using random hexamer primers from the SuperScript IV reverse transcriptase synthesis kit (Life Technologies, CA, USA) or LunaScript RT SuperMix Kit (New England Biolabs (NEB), MA, USA). The synthesized cDNA was amplified using multiplex polymerase chain reactions (PCRs) using ARTIC nCoV-2019 v3 primers. For the COVIDSeq protocol, the first strand synthesis was carried out using random hexamer primers from Illumina and the synthesized cDNA underwent two separate multiplex PCR reactions.

For Illumina sequencing using the nCoV-2019 ARTIC network sequencing protocol, the pooled PCR products underwent bead-based tagmentation using the Nextera Flex DNA library preparation kit (Illumina Inc., CA, USA). The adapter-tagged amplicons were cleaned up using AmpureXP purification beads (Beckman Coulter, High Wycombe, UK) and amplified using one round of PCR. The PCRs were indexed using the Nextera CD indexes (Illumina Inc., CA, USA) according to the manufacturer's instructions. For COVIDSeq sequencing protocol, pooled PCR amplified products were processed for tagmentation and adapter ligation using IDT for Illumina Nextera UD Indexes. Further enrichment and clean-up was performed as per protocols provided by the manufacturer (Illumina Inc., CA, USA). Pooled samples from both COVIDSeq protocol and nCoV-2019 ARTIC network protocol were quantified using Qubit 3.0 or 4.0 fluorometer (Invitrogen Inc., MA, USA) using the Qubit dsDNA High Sensitivity assay according to manufacturer's instructions. The fragment sizes were analyzed using TapeStation 4200 (Invitrogen Inc., MA, USA). The pooled libraries were further normalized to 4nM concentration and 25 µl of each normalized pool containing unique index adapter sets were combined in a new tube. The final library pool was denatured and neutralized with 0.2 N sodium hydroxide and 200 mM Tris-HCL (pH7), respectively. 1.5 pM sample library was spiked with 2% PhiX. Libraries were loaded onto a 300-cycle NextSeq 500/550 HighOutput Kit v2 and run on the Illumina NextSeq 550 instrument (Illumina Inc., CA, USA).

#### Assembly, Processing and Quality Control of Genomic Sequences

Raw reads from Illumina sequencing were assembled using the Exatype NGS SARS-CoV-2 pipeline v1.6.1, (<u>https://sars-cov-2.exatype.com/</u>). The resulting consensus sequence was further manually polished by considering and correcting indels in homopolymer regions that break the open reading frame (probably sequencing errors) using Aliview v1.27, (<u>http://ormbunkar.se/aliview/</u>) (Larsson, 2014). Mutations resulting in mid-gene stop codons and frameshifts were reverted to wild type. All assemblies determined to have acceptable quality (defined as having at least 1 000 000 reads and at least 40 % 10 X coverage) were deposited on GISAID (<u>https://www.gisaid.org/</u>) (Elbe & Buckland-Merrett, 2017; Shu & McCauley, 2017).

#### **Classification of Lineage, Clade and Associated Mutations**

Assembled genomes were assigned lineages using the 'Phylogenetic Assignment of Named Global Outbreak Lineages' (PANGOLIN) software suite (<u>https://github.com/hCoV-2019/pangolin</u>) (Rambaut et al., 2020), a tool used for dynamic SARS-CoV-2 lineage classification. The SARS-CoV-2 genomes in our dataset were also classified using the clade classification proposed by NextStrain (<u>https://nextstrain.org/</u>), a tool built for real-time tracking of the pathogen evolution (Hadfield et al., 2018).