



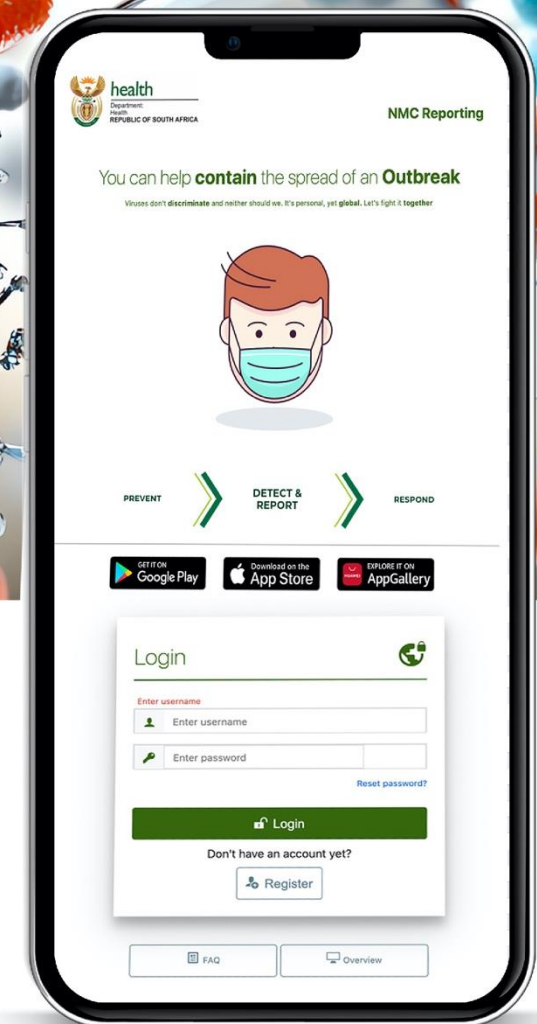
NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR
COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

Division of the National Health Laboratory Service

Notifiable Medical Conditions Surveillance System Report

June 2026

Division of Public Health, Surveillance and Response



Introduction

This report summarises data from the Notifiable Medical Conditions Surveillance System (NMCSS) for cases notified during June (**ISO Weeks 23–27**). It includes Category 1, 2, and 3 notifiable medical conditions (NMCs). The report presents the distribution of case notifications by notification source (clinical, laboratory, and merged cases; **Table 1**), epidemiological classification, demographics, and reported deaths. In addition, it assesses key NMCSS data quality indicators, including the completeness and timeliness of notifications following diagnosis, as well as delayed (back-captured) cases notified.

NMC highlights

- A total of 13 692 cases were notified to the NMCSS in June, and 1 064 were back captured (**Appendix A**).
- At least 18.0% (530/2 940) of category 1 notifications were successfully linked by matching clinical notifications to their corresponding laboratory results.
- Majority of the category 1 notifications were measles (n=1 915, 65.1%) and malaria (n=401, 13.6%).
- A total of 112 cases of agricultural stock or remedy poisoning were notified, of which 11 (9.8%) were reported as deaths.
- Overall, it took a median of less than a day (IQR: 0-1 days) to report category 1 NMCs.

Table 1. NMC notifications by category and case type, June 2026

Categories	Clinical	Laboratory	Merged	Total, n (%)
1	1 400 (15.1%)	1 010 (38.5%)	530 (73.7%)	2 940 (23.3%)
2	7 886 (84.9%)	1 480 (56.4%)	181 (25.2%)	9 547 (75.6%)
3	0 (0.0%)	133 (5.1%)	8 (1.1%)	141 (1.1%)
Total, n (%)	9 286 (73.5%)	2 623 (20.8%)	719 (5.7%)	12 628

NMC Category 1 conditions

A total of 2 940 (23.3%) category 1 cases were reported (**Tables 1 and 2**). The majority were measles (n=1 915, 65.1%). The weekly [measles and rubella situational reports](#) and [measles/rubella dashboards](#) provide detailed epidemiological analysis. Further epidemiological classification of diphtheria is underway, and the [weekly situational report](#) provides detailed epidemiological analysis. The majority (n=50, 44.6%) of the agricultural or stock remedy poisoning (ASRP) cases were reported in Gauteng (**Table 2**). Furthermore, 9.8% (n=11) of ASRP cases were reported as deaths (**Table 3**).

Table 2. Category 1 NMC notifications by province, June 2026

Condition	EC	FS	GP	KZN	LP	MP	NC	NW	WC	Total, n (%)
Acute Flaccid Paralysis	2 (9.1%)	1 (4.5%)	4 (18.2%)	5 (22.7%)	2 (9.1%)	2 (9.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	6 (27.3%)	22 (0.7%)
Agricultural or stock remedy poisoning	2 (1.8%)	16 (14.3%)	50 (44.6%)	4 (3.6%)	19 (17.0%)	6 (5.4%)	0 (0.0%)	7 (6.2%)	8 (7.1%)	112 (3.8%)
Congenital rubella syndrome**	1 (20.0%)	1 (20.0%)	1 (20.0%)	2 (40.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (0.2%)
Diphtheria	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (10.7%)	1 (3.6%)	13 (46.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	11 (39.3%)	28 (1.0%)
Enteric fever (typhoid or paratyphoid fever)	1 (2.0%)	0 (0.0%)	22 (43.1%)	1 (2.0%)	1 (2.0%)	23 (45.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (5.9%)	51 (1.7%)
Foodborne illness outbreak	5 (8.8%)	1 (1.8%)	6 (10.5%)	27 (47.4%)	6 (10.5%)	1 (1.8%)	1 (1.8%)	4 (7.0%)	6 (10.5%)	57 (1.9%)
Listeriosis	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (28.6%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (14.3%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (14.3%)	3 (42.9%)	7 (0.2%)
Malaria*	7 (1.7%)	3 (0.7%)	60 (15.0%)	51 (12.7%)	104 (25.9%)	146 (36.4%)	1 (0.2%)	10 (2.5%)	19 (4.7%)	401 (13.6%)
Measles	93 (4.9%)	523 (27.3%)	144 (7.5%)	106 (5.5%)	179 (9.3%)	168 (8.8%)	155 (8.1%)	59 (3.1%)	488 (25.5%)	1 915 (65.1%)
Meningococcal Disease	1 (4.3%)	0 (0.0%)	9 (39.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (4.3%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	12 (52.2%)	23 (0.8%)
Pertussis	11 (5.4%)	25 (12.3%)	80 (39.2%)	25 (12.3%)	12 (5.9%)	4 (2.0%)	2 (1.0%)	9 (4.4%)	36 (17.6%)	204 (6.9%)
Rabies	2 (28.6%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (14.3%)	2 (28.6%)	1 (14.3%)	1 (14.3%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	7 (0.2%)
Rubella	4 (3.7%)	29 (26.9%)	14 (13.0%)	6 (5.6%)	5 (4.6%)	10 (9.3%)	9 (8.3%)	7 (6.5%)	24 (22.2%)	108 (3.7%)
Total, n (%)	129 (4.4%)	599 (20.4%)	396 (13.5%)	230 (7.8%)	343 (11.7%)	362 (12.3%)	168 (5.7%)	97 (3.3%)	616 (21.0%)	2 940

*Malaria diagnosis method: Rapid test (n= 209), Laboratory confirmed (n=193). **The five cases of congenital rubella syndrome were linked to matching clinical notifications (merged cases).

Table 3: Category 1 NMC notifications by epidemiological classification and patient vital status, June 2026

Condition	Clinical notification	Laboratory notification	Epidemiological classification			Patient vital status			Total, n(%)
			Confirmed case	Probable case	Suspected case	Alive	Deceased	Unknown	
Acute Flaccid Paralysis	22 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	22 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	22 (0.7%)
Agricultural or stock remedy poisoning	112 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	94 (83.9%)	11 (9.8%)	7 (6.2%)	112 (3.8%)
Congenital rubella syndrome**	0 (0.0%)	5 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	4 (80.0%)	1 (20.0%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (0.2%)
Diphtheria	2 (7.1%)	0 (0.0%)	11 (39.3%)	2 (7.1%)	13 (46.4%)	26 (92.9%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (7.1%)	28 (1.0%)
Enteric fever (typhoid or paratyphoid fever)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	26 (51.0%)	0 (0.0%)	25 (49.0%)	43 (84.3%)	1 (2.0%)	7 (13.7%)	51 (1.7%)
Foodborne illness outbreak	57 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	54 (94.7%)	3 (5.3%)	0 (0.0%)	57 (1.9%)
Listeriosis	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (28.6%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (71.4%)	5 (71.4%)	1 (14.3%)	1 (14.3%)	7 (0.2%)
Malaria*	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	401 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	320 (79.8%)	3 (0.7%)	78 (19.5%)	401 (13.6%)
Measles	743 (38.8%)	868 (45.3%)	304 (15.9%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 042 (54.4%)	0 (0.0%)	873 (45.6%)	1 915 (65.1%)
Meningococcal Disease	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	17 (73.9%)	1 (4.3%)	5 (21.7%)	15 (65.2%)	2 (8.7%)	6 (26.1%)	23 (0.8%)
Pertussis	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	147 (72.1%)	28 (13.7%)	29 (14.2%)	185 (90.7%)	0 (0.0%)	19 (9.3%)	204 (6.9%)
Rabies	2 (28.6%)	0 (0.0%)	4 (57.1%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (14.3%)	2 (28.6%)	4 (57.1%)	1 (14.3%)	7 (0.2%)
Rubella	10 (9.3%)	98 (90.7%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	13 (12.0%)	0 (0.0%)	95 (88.0%)	108 (3.7%)
Total, n (%)	948 (32.2%)	971 (33.0%)	912 (31.0%)	31 (1.1%)	78 (2.7%)	1 825 (62.1%)	26 (0.9%)	1 089 (37.0%)	2 940

*Malaria diagnosis method: Rapid test (n= 209), Laboratory confirmed (n=193). **The five cases of congenital rubella syndrome were linked to matching clinical notifications (merged cases).

Distribution of Category 1 NMC notifications by age and sex

Majority of the category 1 NMC notifications were male (n=1 553, 52.8%) and individuals in the 0–9 age group (n=903, 30.7%; **Figures 1 and 2**). The male persons were mostly affected by measles (n=971, 50.7%) with a median age of 8 years, and malaria (n=285, 71.1%) with a median age of 27 years.

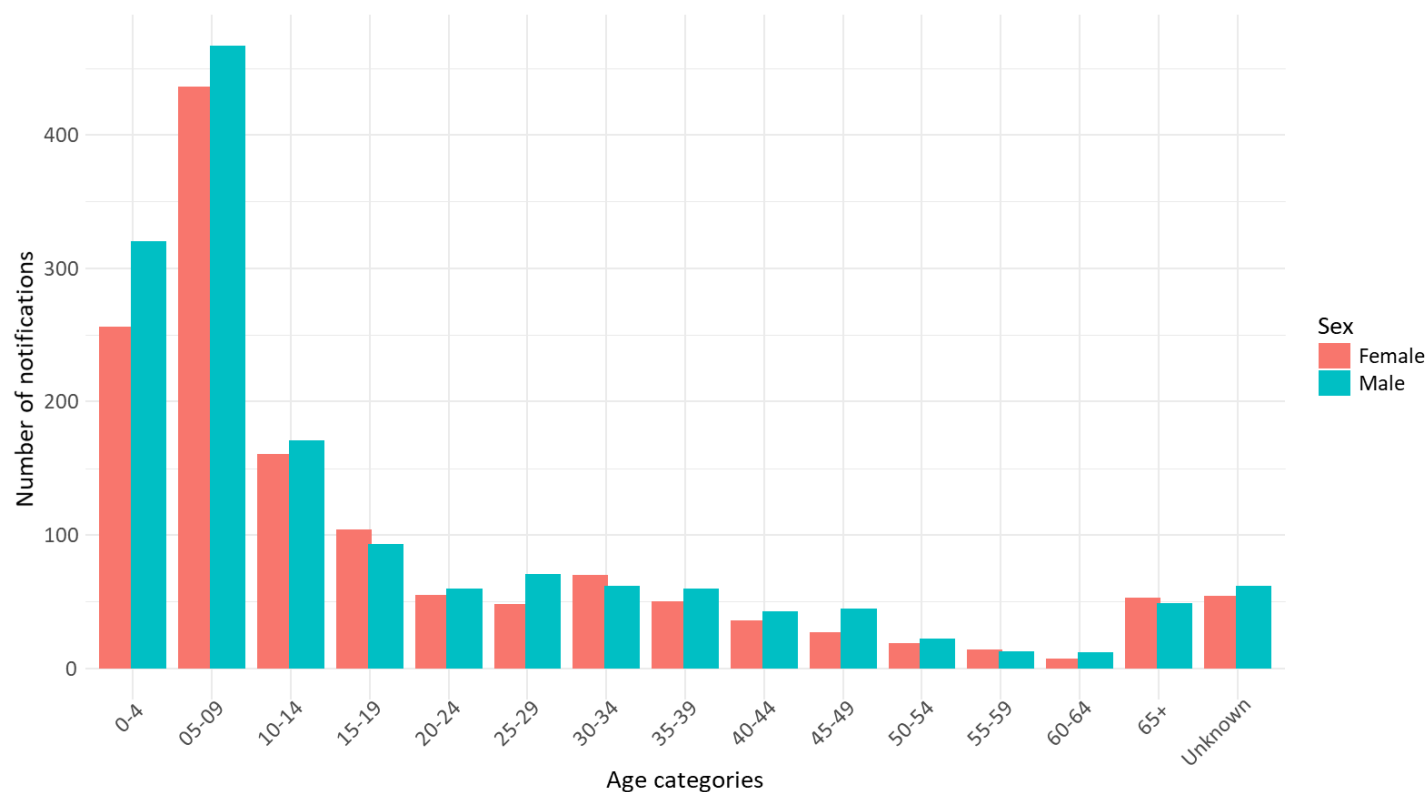


Figure 1. Distribution of Category 1 NMC notifications by age categories and sex, June 2026.

Category 1 NMC notifications in June 2026 showed clear age-specific patterns, with vaccine-preventable diseases such as measles, pertussis, congenital rubella syndrome, and acute flaccid paralysis occurring predominantly among children aged 0–9 years. In contrast, malaria, diphtheria, enteric fever, and agricultural or stock remedy poisoning were more frequently reported among adolescents and adults.

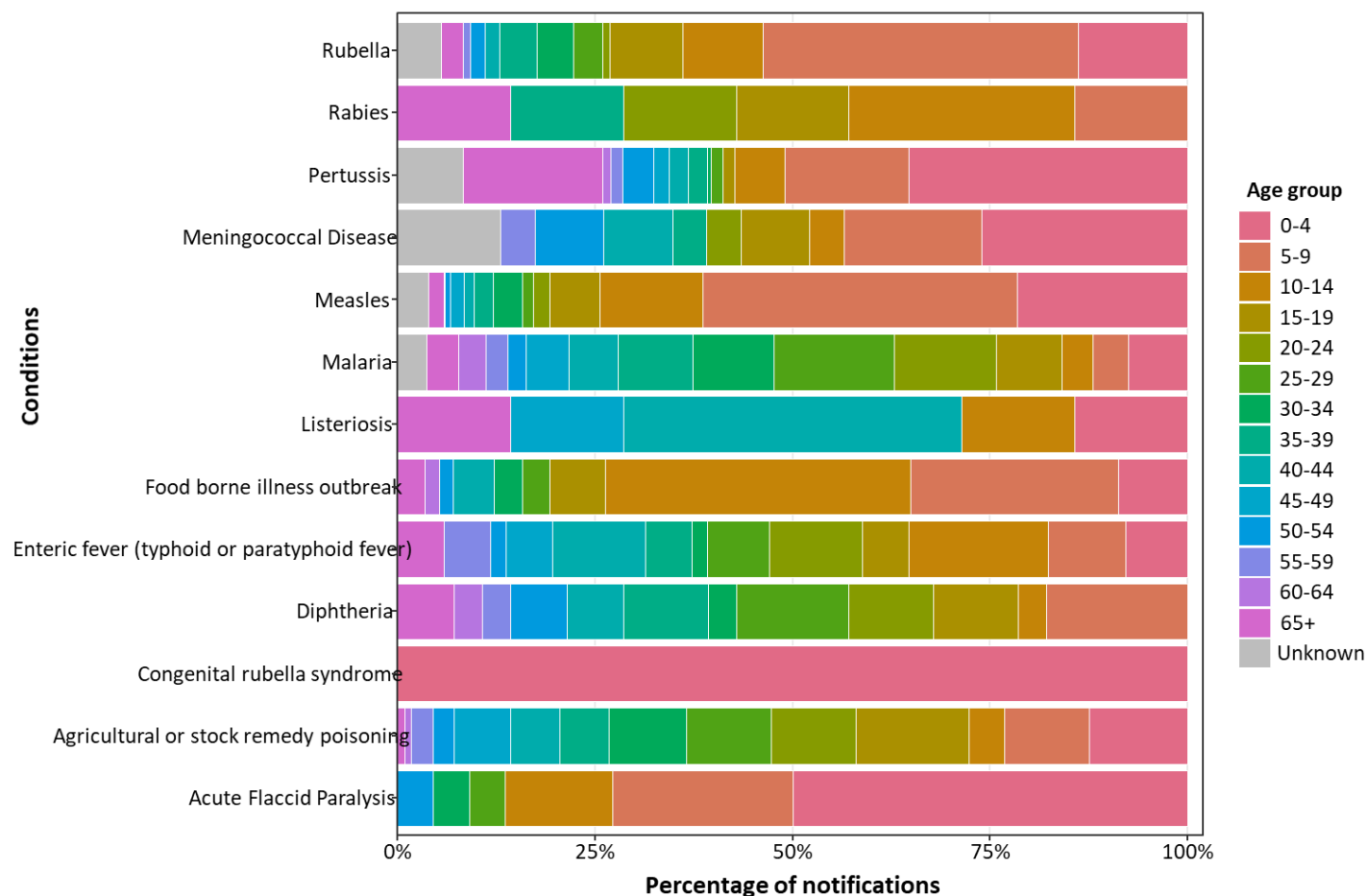


Figure 2. Category 1 NMC notifications by condition and age groups, June 2026

NMC Category 1 hospital form completion

At least 1 004 (34.1%) category 1 NMC cases had reported admission status of inpatients (n=741, 73.8%), discharged (n=203, 20.2%), or transferred out (n=60, 6.0%), making these cases eligible for completion of the hospitalisation form. Of these eligible cases (**Figure 3**), the hospitalisation form was incomplete (n=854, 85.1%) for the majority of cases.

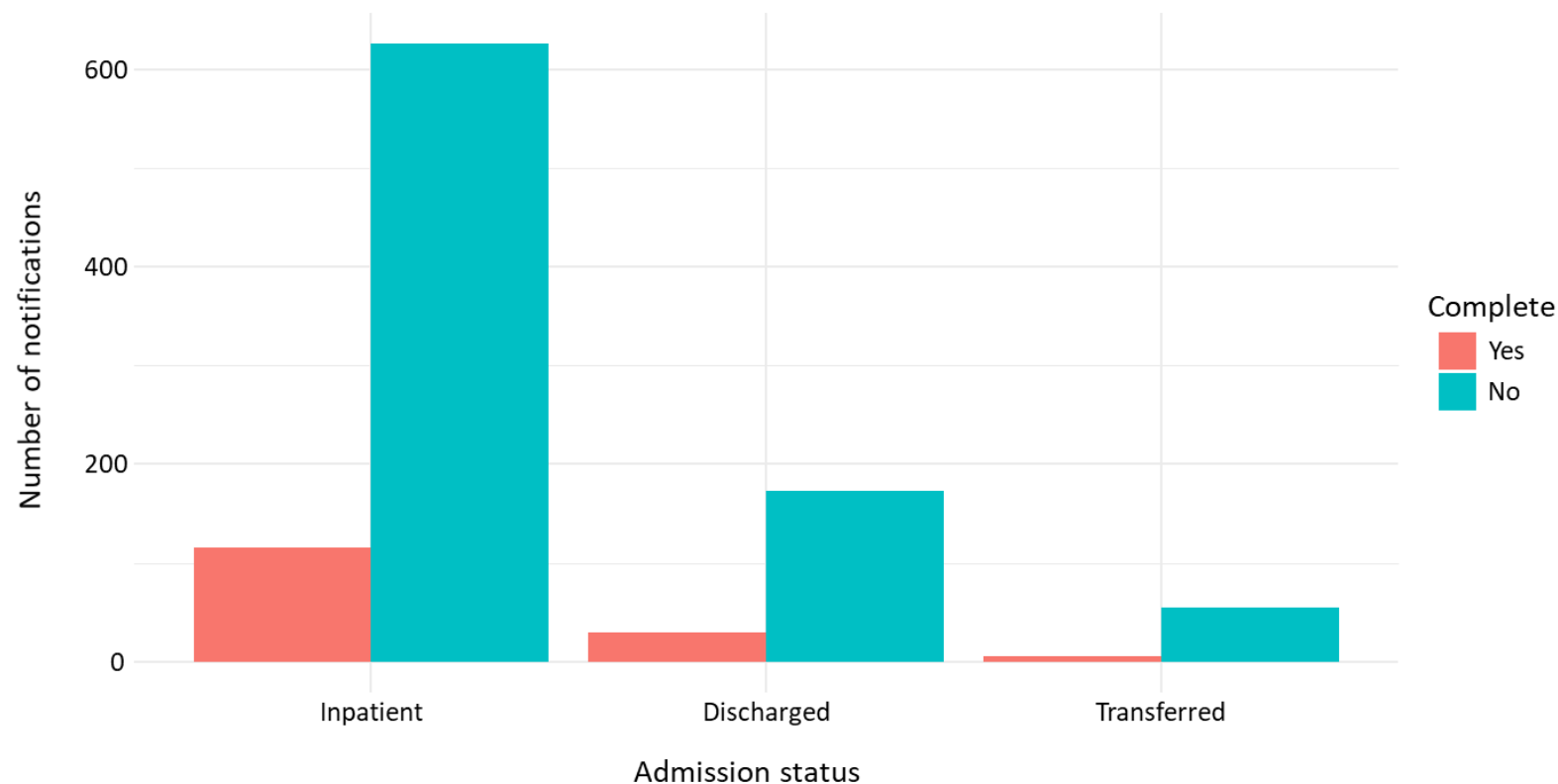


Figure 3. Completion of the hospitalisation form for Category 1 NMC notifications, June 2026

NMC Category 2 Notifications

The commonly notified category 2 conditions in June 2026 were pulmonary TB (n=6 097, 63.9%) and extra-pulmonary TB (n=1 327, 13.9%; **Table 4**). The [End TB dashboard](#) provides detailed epidemiology of TB in South Africa. Three tetanus notifications were reported, with one case each from Eastern Cape, KwaZulu-Natal, and North West.

Table 4: Category 2 notifications by province, June 2026

Condition	EC	FS	GP	KZN	LP	MP	NC	NW	WC	Total
Bilharzia (schistosomiasis)	43 (4.2%)	0 (0.0%)	38 (1.8%)	416 (14.9%)	174 (27.6%)	94 (28.1%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.4%)	14 (1.1%)	781 (8.2%)
Brucellosis	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.4%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.1%)	3 (0.0%)
Congenital syphilis	14 (1.4%)	5 (1.0%)	14 (0.7%)	64 (2.3%)	1 (0.2%)	1 (0.3%)	5 (1.2%)	3 (0.7%)	38 (2.9%)	145 (1.5%)
Haemophilus influenzae type B	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)	2 (0.2%)	6 (0.1%)
Hepatitis A	7 (0.7%)	17 (3.4%)	18 (0.9%)	28 (1.0%)	16 (2.5%)	8 (2.4%)	5 (1.2%)	13 (2.9%)	38 (2.9%)	150 (1.6%)
Hepatitis B	100 (9.7%)	23 (4.6%)	75 (3.6%)	570 (20.4%)	4 (0.6%)	12 (3.6%)	13 (3.1%)	24 (5.3%)	20 (1.5%)	841 (8.8%)
Hepatitis C	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)	8 (0.4%)	1 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)	1 (0.3%)	1 (0.2%)	1 (0.2%)	1 (0.1%)	15 (0.2%)
Hepatitis E	1 (0.1%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.0%)
Lead poisoning	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)
Legionellosis	1 (0.1%)	1 (0.2%)	6 (0.3%)	6 (0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (0.2%)	17 (0.2%)
Maternal death (pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (0.5%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (0.0%)
Soil-transmitted helminths	1 (0.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)
Tetanus	1 (0.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)	0 (0.0%)	3 (0.0%)
Tuberculosis: extensively drug -resistant (XDR -TB)	3 (0.3%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (0.1%)
Tuberculosis: multidrug-resistant (MDR -TB)	24 (2.3%)	12 (2.4%)	36 (1.7%)	37 (1.3%)	5 (0.8%)	4 (1.2%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.2%)	31 (2.3%)	150 (1.6%)
Tuberculosis: extra-pulmonary	126 (12.2%)	60 (12.1%)	483 (23.3%)	318 (11.4%)	70 (11.1%)	39 (11.6%)	30 (7.2%)	71 (15.8%)	130 (9.8%)	1 327 (13.9%)
Tuberculosis: pulmonary	711 (68.9%)	374 (75.6%)	1,388 (67.1%)	1 352 (48.4%)	356 (56.4%)	176 (52.5%)	363 (87.1%)	332 (73.8%)	1 045 (79.0%)	6 097 (63.9%)
Total, n(%)	1,032 (10.8%)	495 (5.2%)	2 069 (21.7%)	2,795 (29.3%)	631 (6.6%)	335 (3.5%)	417 (4.4%)	450 (4.7%)	1 323 (13.9%)	9 547

Distribution of Category 2 NMC notifications by age and sex

Majority of the category 2 NMC notifications were male (n=5 603, 58.7%) and individuals in the 30 to 49 age group (n= 3 275, 34.3%; **Figure 4**). The male persons were mostly affected by pulmonary tuberculosis.

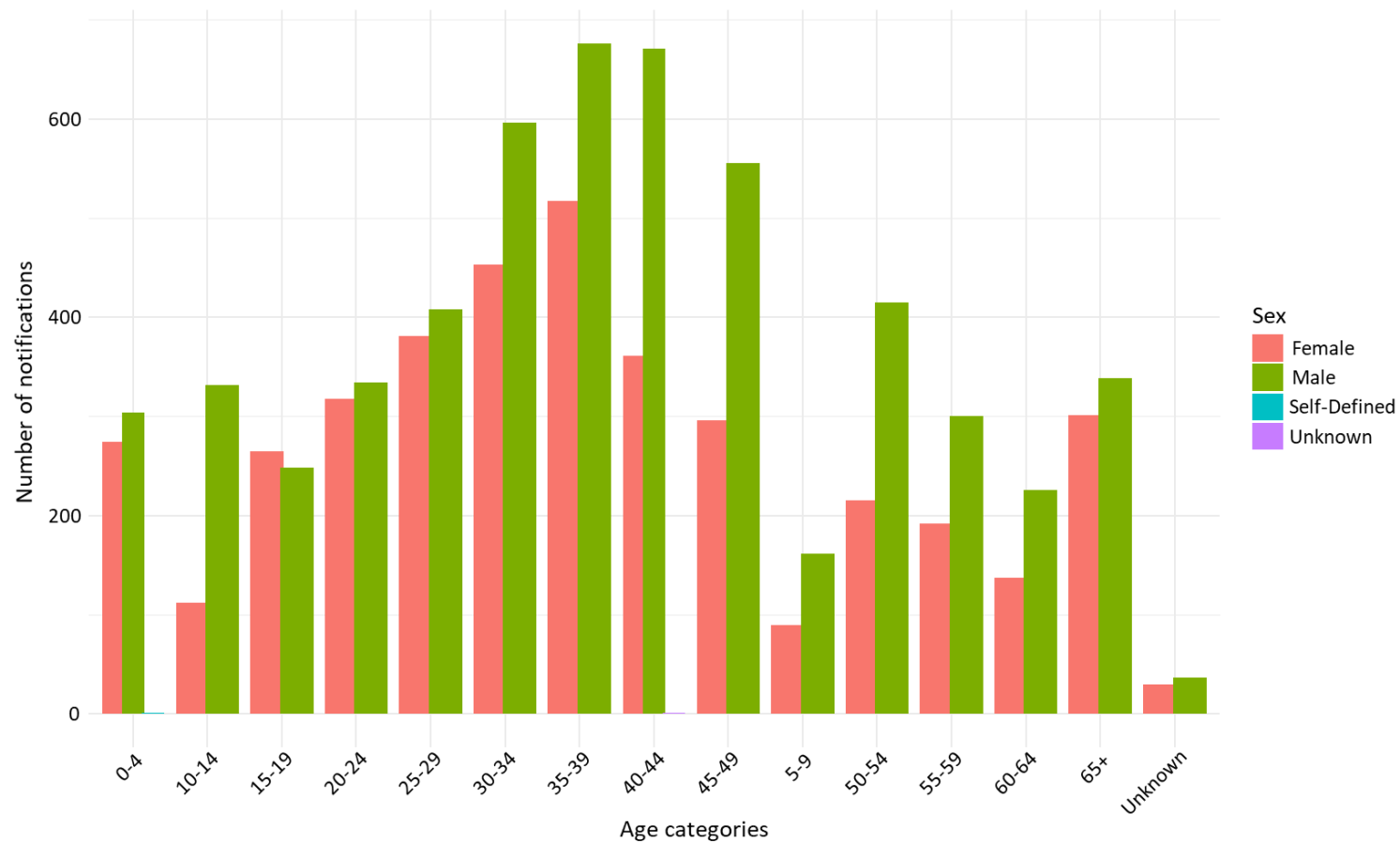


Figure 4. Distribution of NMC Category 2 by age and sex, June 2026

NMC Category 3 conditions

Gauteng Province notified a confirmed case with both Chikungunya virus infection and West Nile virus infection (**Table 5**). The majority (58.2%, 82/141) of category 3 laboratory notifications were for non-typhoidal salmonellosis.

Table 5: Distribution of category 3 NMC notifications by province, June 2026

Condition	EC	FS	GP	KZN	LP	MP	NC	NW	WC	Total, n(%)
Chikungunya virus	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (8.3%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.7%)
West Nile virus	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (8.3%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.7%)
Non-typhoidal salmonellosis	11 (47.8%)	1 (50.0%)	6 (50.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	64 (79.0%)	82 (58.2%)
Shigellosis	12 (52.2%)	1 (50.0%)	4 (33.3%)	17 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (100.0%)	2 (100.0%)	3 (100.0%)	17 (21.0%)	57 (40.4%)
Total, n(%)	23 (16.3%)	2 (1.4%)	12 (8.5%)	17 (12.1%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.7%)	2 (1.4%)	3 (2.1%)	81 (57.4%)	141

Timeliness and completeness of NMC data

Timeliness is measured as the number of days from the time of diagnosis of the NMC to the time of notification. This analysis excludes cases where date of diagnosis was missing. Overall, it took a median of less than a day (IQR: 0- 1 days) to report category 1 NMCs in June 2026 across all provinces (**Table 6**).

Table 6: Time to notification of category 1 and 2 NMCs, June 2026

		EC	FS	GP	KZN	LP	MP	NC	NW	WC	Overall
Category 1	n	129	599	396	230	343	362	168	97	616	2940
	Median (IQR*)	0 (0–2)	0 (0–1)	1 (0–2)	0 (0–0)	0 (0–1)	0 (0–1)	0 (0–2.5)	1 (0.25–3)	0 (0–1)	0 (0–1)
Category 2	n	1032	495	2069	2795	631	335	417	450	1323	9547
	Median (IQR*)	2 (0–6)	1 (0–6)	2 (0–7)	1 (0–5)	1 (0–5)	1 (0–5)	3 (0–11)	1 (0–5)	2 (0–7)	1 (0–6)

*IQR: Interquartile range

Completeness refers to the proportion of complete data entries per variable in the dataset among clinical and merged notifications. **Figure 4** reports a completion rate of more than 80% for patient address and above 50% for national identification number.

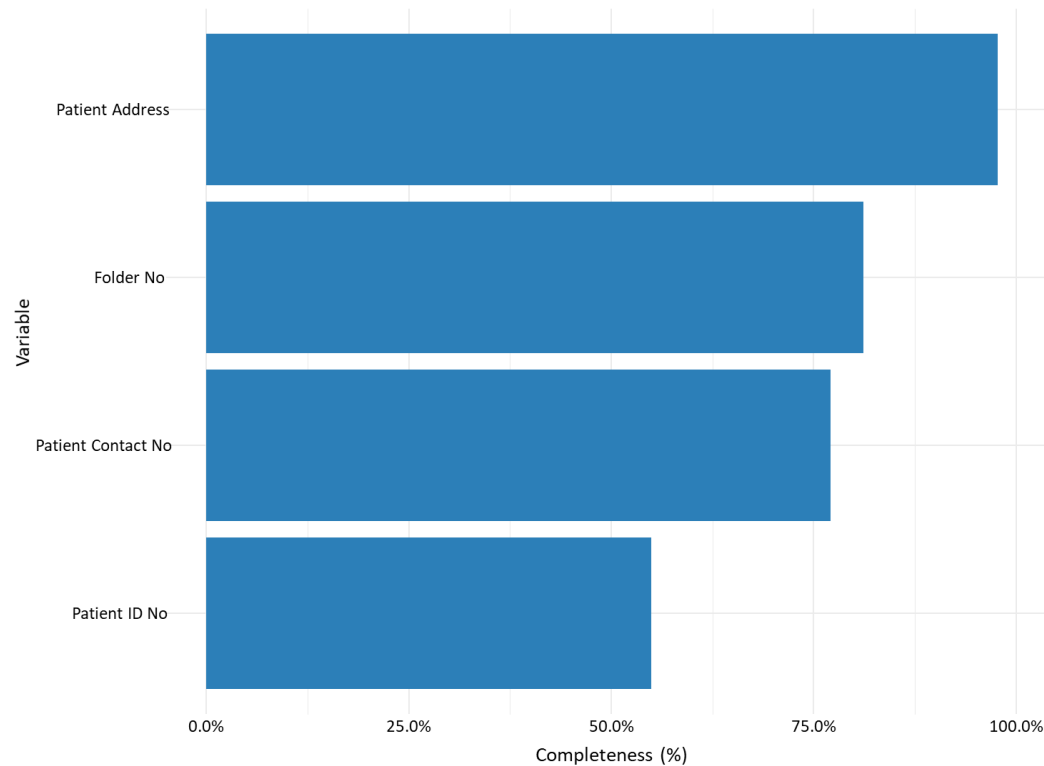


Figure 5. Data completeness of key patient identification variables, June 2026.

Recommendations

- We recommend that clinicians provide comprehensive patient clinical and demographic details to improve NMC data quality and inform epidemiological classification of notifications.
- We recommend completion of the hospitalisation form for all patients admitted to the hospital with category 1 NMCs.
- Feel free to reach out to NMCsurveillanceReport@nicd.ac.za

Appendix A: Back-captured notifications: all cases diagnosed in previous months and before the last 14 days of May 2026 and notified during June 2026.

Condition	EC	FS	GP	KZN	LP	MP	NC	NW	WC	Total
Bilharzia (schistosomiasis)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (20.0%)	1 (20.0%)	1 (20.0%)	2 (40.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	5 (0.5%)
Congenital syphilis	1 (9.1%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (9.1%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	9 (81.8%)	11 (1.0%)
Hepatitis A	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.1%)
Hepatitis B	2 (6.9%)	2 (6.9%)	8 (27.6%)	14 (48.3%)	2 (6.9%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (3.4%)	0 (0.0%)	29 (2.7%)
Hepatitis C	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	7 (87.5%)	1 (12.5%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	8 (0.8%)
Malaria	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.1%)
Maternal death (pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.1%)
Measles	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.1%)
Pertussis	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.2%)
Rubella	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (100.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.1%)
Tuberculosis: extensively drug -resistant (XDR -TB)	0 (0.0%)	1 (50.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (50.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	2 (0.2%)
Tuberculosis: multidrug- resistant (MDR -TB)	1 (3.6%)	1 (3.6%)	3 (10.7%)	7 (25.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (3.6%)	0 (0.0%)	15 (53.6%)	28 (2.6%)
Tuberculosis: extra-pulmonary	16 (8.9%)	15 (8.4%)	63 (35.2%)	53 (29.6%)	5 (2.8%)	3 (1.7%)	5 (2.8%)	4 (2.2%)	15 (8.4%)	179 (16.8%)
Tuberculosis: pulmonary	87 (10.9%)	136 (17.1%)	144 (18.1%)	155 (19.5%)	29 (3.6%)	14 (1.8%)	71 (8.9%)	39 (4.9%)	120 (15.1%)	795 (74.7%)
Total, n (%)	107 (10.1%)	155 (14.6%)	229 (21.5%)	233 (21.9%)	39 (3.7%)	20 (1.9%)	77 (7.2%)	45 (4.2%)	159 (14.9%)	1 064 (100.0%)

Additional resources

NMC reporting tutorials video: <https://www.nicd.ac.za/nmc-overview/tutorial-videos/>

NMC Categories and Case Classification Definitions: <https://www.nicd.ac.za/nmc-overview/nmc-resources/>

NMC Surveillance Officers List and contacts

Province	Name & Surname	Email address	Cell Numbers
Eastern Cape	-	-	072 621 3805 (NMC Hotline)
Free State	Moeketsi Pheko	moeketsip@nicd.ac.za	060 978 3043/076 889 7319
Gauteng & Northwest	Bukelani Nyawose	bukelanin@nicd.ac.za	071 670 8741
KwaZulu-Natal	Sharika Naidoo	sharikan@nicd.ac.za	071 303 7392
Limpopo	Vuyolwethu Mashamaite	vuyolwethum@nicd.ac.za	060 963 4834
Mpumalanga	Lesley Ingle	lesleyl@nicd.ac.za	066 308 7539
Northern Cape	Matsheko Thekiso	matshekot@nicd.ac.za	060 984 0908
Western Cape	Washiefa Isaacs	washiefal@nicd.ac.za	064 742 4005

The End!